Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XVIII. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 23, 1886. NO. 51.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Dow liquor law has been declared constitutional in Ohio.

A MONTANA miner, who fell 600 feet in a shaft, lived two days thereafter.

THERE is a great knack in putting on a glove. You have to get your hand into it, as it were.

THE story of John Roach's serious illness from a cancer is denied. He is reported as able to move about the house and the street.

WILLIAM C. BUSH, now in the Ridgway jail under conviction for murder and sentenced to be hanged, persistently declares his innocence.

MRS. CUSTER, widow of the famous Indian fighter, says her new book will tell the story of her husband's life on the plains for nineteen years.

PERHAPS Canada has sent us the toboggan craze as a fair exchange for boodle aldermen, fugacious bank cashiers and other individuals of a speculative turn

WILLIAMSPORT will get no public building for at least a year to come. Samuel Randall, the Democratic boss of the State, having interfered to cut off the appropriation.

THE Democrats are holding their hands to both ears in expectation of a disastrous explosion next January. They fear that Governor Beaver will "bust" the Constitution.

MRS. SUSAN N. WARREN, perhaps the oldest person in the United States, died at Tassakawa, Indian Territory, on the 5th of this month. She was born in 1750. She leaves a daughter aged 97.

HON. JAMES OSMER, of Venango county, is mentioned—only mentioned, remember—for attorney general. Mr. Osmer formerly lived at Buffalo Run, this county. He and General Beaver were school mates

WE are more convinced daily that what is known as organized or systematic charity is nothing less than a sham and a fraud. The only real charity is that spontaneous, loving, affectionate aid given to those in need whenever we can afford to do so.

RECENT proceedings in that nauseous scandal, the Lady Colin Campbell divorce case, are indicative that several witnesses have lied in their testimony against this lady. Perhaps she is not so guilty as she seemed. If she is guiltless her husband is one of the most execrable wretches on record.

THE Senate has passed the House bill extending the free delivery sevrice, a bill to retire and recoin the trade dollar, and a bill extending the operations of the postal note system, making a postal note for less than $5 payable anywhere, at any money order office, and issued from any point, for 3 cents.

ANNA DICKINSON will again go on the lecture platform. There was a time when this lady was the most celebrated female lecturer in this country. She left the lecture platform, however, to try her fortunes as an actress. She also wrote a play. In both of these attempts she failed, and she has never recovered from the chagrin and disappointment which failure caused her.

JUDGE CHAS. A. MAYER'S term as President Judge of the Clinton-Cameron-Elk district will expire next year and the good-looking Judge is manœuvering to receive the nomination from his party for a second term. The Judge is reputed to be very adroit and sagacious and will probably secure the nomination. Senator John G. Hall, of Elk county, will be his most prominent competitor for it.

A PLACE for the surplus money collected under the revenue laws has been provided by Mr. Hewitt in a bill which he desires passed if no revenue reduction is made. It provides for the payment of the surplus on the interest of the public debt. Why not use it in paying off part of the principal of the debt? But remember that great minds in both the Republican and Democratic parties say that the country needs coast defenses. The erection of such fortifications would make a place for the revenue.

Free Trade Nonsense.

A writer in the *Dry Goods Chronicle and Fancy Goods Review*, under the head of "A Glance at Our Cotton Industries," says "a bale of Texas cotton weighing 500 pounds costs at Lowell, Mass., $53.50, at Lancashire, England, $56,96, an advantage to Lowell of $3.46 over Lancashire. The common cotton fabrics of England, Belgium and Germany could now hardly be sold in the United States at any price." This indicates that in the manufacture of cotton goods we are in advance of those countries. The cotton goods manufactured here are better than those manufactured elsewhere, except, perhaps, in France. But in woolens our manufacturers are disposed to cheat. The tariff on wool and woolen goods is so high as to make it impossible for the American laborer to wear "all wool" goods.—*Centre Democrat, Bellefonte, Pa.*

Our free trade editor of the *Centre Democrat*, like nearly all of his ilk, is "at sea" when he attempts to make practical application of his doctrine to any of our domestic industries.

It goes without saying that assertion is not argument. We produce woolen goods as pure and fine in quality as any nation in the world, and as cheaply too; and the majority of our manufacturers are just as honest and reputable. More real, genuine all-wool goods are made in the United States, according to the quantity of the output, than probably in any other country; and besides, the masses of the people are better, more comfortably and cheaply clothed than any civilized race on the surface of the earth. Since the inauguration in 1808 of the protective policy, and the tariff acts passed since, there has been a steady cheapening in the cost of woolen clothing to the people, as well as a marked improvement in the quality and finish of our woolen fabrics.

If the editor of the *Centre Democrat* would more closely investigate this, as well as other of our home manufacturing industries, he would probably be less ready with his free trade deductions. But where politics govern, principles are of little use. Protection was inbred in the Constitution, and was the main spirit of the colonies long before the United States were formed, and was strongly advocated by Washington, Madison, and others before the present parties were in existence.—*Dry Goods Chronicle.*

About Iron.

The metal commonly known as iron is a combination of the elements iron and carbon; the amount of carbon in the combination determines the kind and quality. Iron ore is the metal in an oxidized state mixed with impurities.

Malable iron is made by burning the carbon from cast iron and then heating it under a large hammer, and can be beaten into leaves as thin as this paper.

Steel is made from cast iron by burning out a part of the carbon, and from wrought iron by heating in charcoal and thereby adding carbon.

Iron is found everywhere. The blood of an average man containing one hundred one hundred grains, enough to make a ten penny nail. It is that which gives life and energy to the physical system. Its value is greatly increased by labor. By taking one pound of good iron, which is worth four cents, and manufacture it into steel it will then be worth seventeen cents; manufacture it into inch screws and its value increases to one dollar; make it into steel wire its market value will be increased to $7; into sewing needles and it is worth $14; into fish hooks and its value will be increased to $50; make it into jewel screws for watches and its value will be increased to $3,500; into hair springs for American watches it will be worth $15,000.

Consider for a moment the amount of money that would flow into Bellefonte and Centre county if every pound of iron made in the county was manufactured, within her own boundaries, into hair springs for watches. Whilst that may not be possible, it is possible and practicable to manufacture all our own iron into all the useful articles demanded by commerce before it leaves the county, and thereby adding one thousand per cent. to our wealth. This fact should be duly considered by our capitalists.

THE convicted boodler, McQuade, maintains a jaunty demeanor, as did Jaehne before him. The criminal classes, among whom politicians "on the make" are to be reckoned, always take pride in being "game" to the last.

The Bulgarian Throne.

Perhaps the throne of Bulgaria is not going a begging for some one to occupy it, but the question as to who the lucky (?) occupant will be is still unsolved. One person after another is named, but each one is sure to have some strong opponent and the throne remains vacant. The powers quarrel over it much as dogs do about a bone, and not one of them has the courage to say peremptorily who shall reign in that little kingdom. If the Bulgarians had some of the spirit which animates the people of this country (excepting of course the soldiers (?) who gave up their arms to the train robbers in the West) they would long ago have elected a king of their own choice and maintained his rights by force. Such an action would either be submitted to or it would cause the war clouds to burst, and others would share in Bulgaria's sufferings.

We are of opinion that there are several American citizens who could fill the position with credit to themselves, to Bulgaria and to their native country. We confidently advise the Bulgarians to elect one of them and the solution of the difficult situation is completed. P. Gray Meek, of this place, would make a bold and determined King of Bulgaria. We do not suppose that Mr. Chauncey Black would suit. He would be too apt to tell the Bulgarians that the question was a National issue. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler would make an ideal King, and Russia, Germany, England and Turkey would quail before the glance of that one eye. Bismarck would at once conclude that his days of usefulness were ended. The citizens of this country have become rulers in Africa and one of them rose to distinction in the army of the Sultan, but not one of them has ever occupied a European throne. They are so successful in whatever they undertake that the hint we throw out for the benefit of the Bulgarians should be adopted at once. Then farewell to the "Eastern Question."

Our Magnificent Offer.

Do all of our subscribers understand fully the magnitude and importance of the offer made by the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN to club with the Philadelphia *Weekly Press*? Of course, we consider the REPUBLICAN the best weeky local paper in this county. In politics, while not ultra radical, it is safe and reliable, and can thus accomplish more than would otherwise be possible. We believe that all persons acknowledge that the *Weekly Press* is the best newspaper in the State, and it is earnestly Republican. The two papers are offered for the nominal price of $2 per year, in advance. This affords the best possible opportunity to obtain a local paper and a city paper for $2, the price of only one paper. There is and can be no better offer made. All our present subscribers and all others who want good newspapers in their families should take advantage of this great opportunity. Begin with the New Year.

The Colored School.

It is always well when the institutions of a town show progress. From all that we have heard on the subject the colored school of this place is improving rapidly. The reports of visitors are all to the effect that the colored school of Bellefonte is one of the finest of the kind in this State. The pupils show great proficiency.

They are proud of their own progress, and when strangers visit the school they do their level best.

The teacher, Mr. Furey, is a remarkably fine young gentleman, full of enthusiasm and possessing all the requirements necessary for the position. For that reason he should be highly prized and retained under any circumstances. There is no school in the borough in which more interest is centered. It is very desirable that the colored race should receive every educational advantage, and we are glad that the youth among them are so fortunately situated in Bellefonte.

An Important Question.

Whether or not to lease the gas works is agitating Philadelphia. Just why a private party can make the works pay $1,500,000 more than the public management is not clear, and we do not believe it can. But the offers received are from responsible parties who vouch for what they can do, and it seems to be the part of wisdom either for the councils to make the lease or for the people to elect John Wanamaker mayor of the city. The latter course would seem to be the more advisable, if he would accept, as the people would then secure his valuable executive services at a merely nominal salary.

Christmas Tidings.

The gay, the gladsome Christmas season is upon us, speaking of "peace on earth, goodwill to man." Bright and merry should be our hearts. In commemoration of the event which brought us the good news—the very source and foundation of all our present enlightened peace, happiness and prosperity. All the culture, advancement, true happiness of the present day are due to that one event. We are now in the enjoyment, reaping the fruits of the good doctrines which He taught. Indeed, it seems as if the world, before He came, was a blank. We cannot look back upon it except with horror. To live now seems bliss; to have lived at that time seems bane.

Before He came men were the same in nature; but, oh, how wretched would be our lives, did nature control us completely! How different is mortal endowed with the Spirit which cometh down from above, full of the essence of gentleness, love and affection.

Bright mortal, dip thy wings in the Fountain of Love. Clothe thyself with the heavenly immortality—be happy. Chase from thee the sorrow which partakes of earth, or hades. On the bright morn of Christmas renew thy youth. He who was born in Bethlehem fills the world, exclude Him not from thy heart.

The Tariff Bill

On Saturday last the motion of Mr. Morrison that the House of Representatives proceed to the consideration of the revenue bills came up for a vote. This motion was an adroit movement made by this determined free trader to test the sentiment of the House on the question. We are thankful to say that the motion was defeated, the negative vote having a majority of five. We notice with pleasure that five Pennsylvania Democratic congressmen voted "no," among them being Mr. Curtin, from this district. This vote is said to mean that there will be no consideration of bills this session looking to a change in the tariff. If this is so, it is fortunate that the question was settled at this time, as it will check all apprehension among business men on that subject. We believe also that the next Congress can safely be trusted in regard to this question. Thus, the Democrats rendered powerless to do evil, business may receive a fresh impetus.

A Funeral Bill.

We have not yet neard the last of Grant's funeral bill. It will be remembered that E. Holmes & Co., of Saratoga Springs, sent in a bill of $500, a similar amount having previously been paid to another firm for embalming the body. The bill was ignored; and, more than that, a few newspapers made insulting remarks concerning the Holmes bill. Among these the New York *Times* said that Mr. Holmes was drunk and pronounced his bill an attempt to blackmail the family of the General. Mr. Holmes did not receive his funeral fee,—unless Mr. Dana paid the bill—but he alleges that the newspaper comments hurt his character. He has sued the *Times* for $25,000 damages. We believe that good taste would have impelled the payment of the bill at once, without permitting it to become a subject of national concern and gossip.

That is So.

The Wilkesbarre *Record* says: In view of the fact that the executive department of the government is now dominated by the Democrats it is just as well that they should continue in control of the lower house. If the Republicans had a majority of that body they could do nothing unless the executive approved, and it is not likely that he would permit his political opponents to consummate any legislation which would contribute to their party's popularity.

As for the Democrats they have proved by the last session that they will do nothing at the coming one, except to gain the vantage of the ground in the next Presidential contest. The country, therefore, should wait patiently for needed measures of reform until the elections of 1888 give it a new Republican Congress.

INFORMATION received from a United States official at Crefeld, Germany, gives the result of a test of a new gun made by Krupp for the German government. The weight of this piece of ordnance is 118 tons. Eight hundred and forty pounds of powder are used in a single charge, and it sends shot weighing nearly two tons through thirty-eight inches of solid iron at a distance of over half a mile. Krupp was, under his contract, to fire eighty-two rounds at his own expense in testing the weapon. This cost him in the neighborhood of $50,000. The tests proved entirely satisfactory, and showed the folly of attempting to build armored vessels strong enough to resist such engines of war as this.

Who Pays the Duty?

A correspondent sends a letter to the New York *Evening Post* in answer to the two following questions of "A. M.," viz:

If your correspondent, "F. B. T." maintains that the foreign seller, and *not the buyer or consumer*, pays the duty, I would ask him, would coffee, if a duty of 40 per cent. were not levied on it, retain its present market price here or not? But if the market price should rise in consequence of the new duty, would not the buyer or consumer have to pay it?

His reply is as follows:

SIR—Your correspondent, "A M.," asks if a duty were placed upon coffee, would not the buyer or consumer pay it? I answer, coffee is not produced in this country, and therefore does not come within the list of protected industries; but even on coffee a duty would fall more heavily upon the foreign producer than upon the American consumer. When our duty was removed from coffee some years ago it did not materially lower the price to the American consumer, but it did advance the price in producing markets, and it was not until the consequent large profits realized by producers increased production so much that markets were overstocked, that prices declined, while Brazil actually put on an export duty for the benefit of her Treasury when we took ours off. It is safe to say that, if we were to take off the present duty on sugar it would largely increase the value of Cuban plantations; hence the anxiety of Spain to have this done. I do not mean to say that the American consumer does not share to some extent in such reductions but, how much depends upon supply and demand and circumstances; the producer is in possession of the property and has the first "say" as to upon what terms he will part with his property. In the case of horses, we produce them here and the foreigner must sell them here as cheaply as we can produce them; hence the duty falls upon him.

In the case of Canadian barley, which you instanced in answer to my first letter, I find the present price of barley in Canada is 50 to 52c, while in the United States, just across Lake Ontario, it is 64 to 66; the duty is 10c per bushel and the carriage probably makes the difference. If there were no duty would the Canadian producer advance his price to that of the American market, or the American market decline to that of Canada? Would it not be a question of supply and demand, in which the producer would at least have an equal voice in deciding who shall have the benefit of the 10c duty? There are two sides to this question as with most others.

As a merchant having interests some of which are and some of which are not injured by the protective tariff, I am, perhaps, as little prejudiced on either side as anyone. There is certainly a direct advantage in utilizing the products of our fields, forests and mines as far as possible at home. Foreign labor and foreign capital located here furnish us with this home market, and the tide of immigration and the large factories established here by foreign capital in order to evade the payment of our duty, or, in the other words, to avail themselves of the American market without payment of duty, is an illustration that our tariff has that effect. F. B. T.

MR. STUCK, of York, was appointed State Librarian by Gov. Pattison. But the appointment of Mr. Stuck is still sticking fast and can make no progress because the Senate will not confirm it. Hiram Young, also of York, and editor of the York *Dispatch*, will be an applicant for the position, and our friend, General Beaver, is hereby advised by this paper to appoint him. The editor of the *Dispatch* is not only Young, but he is also energetic and scholarly, and is the editor of a first-class paper. There, Mr. Young, don't say that we haven't done our level best for you.

JUDGE BREWER has decided that the new St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado Railroad may enter St. Louis over the Wabash tracks This makes a complete line to the Missouri Pacific, and causes Jay Gould to become very angry. He accuses Judge Brewer of having Presidential aspirations.

EX-SENATOR THURMAN, of Ohio, who is now seventy-two years old, is permanently out of politics, but is devoting some attention to the law, in which he is making twenty thousand dollars a year as a legal adviser to his professional brethren.

GENERAL NOTES.

A Montana miner who fell 600 feet in a shaft lived 2 days thereafter.

J. C. Aber, of Danville, N. J., offers $1.40 each for 100,000 skunk skins.

H. A. Adams, of Orange county, Fla., has produced a sweet potato 28 inches long.

Saturday was the centennial anniversary of the birth of Karl Maria von Weber.

Six dollars per pair is the price now paid for canvas back ducks in the Maryland markets.

Two attempts have been made by a negro prisoner to burn the Princess Anne, Maryland, jail.

California claims the largest squash of the season. It was raised at Lompoc, and weighs 251 pounds.

Situations have been secured in Orange county, Fla., for 100 Swedish servants, who will soon arrive.

It is reported that last year more than 100,000 emigrants went to the Argentine Republic, most of them from Italy.

Coming back to Washington at the opening of Congress, Senator Ingalls declared that he had not read a New York paper since he went West in August.

Charleston received contributions for the relief of sufferers from the earthquake to the extent of more than $800,000 in 14 weeks succeeding the disaster.

It is reported that a herd of Buffaloes are grazing within a radius of 100 miles from Miles City, M. T. The cow boys have thus far kept all intruders away from them.

An Oakland, Cal., paper in referring to the death of a citizen recently said that he had "gone to a happier home." And now, it is said, the widow threatens a libel suit.

The Plonk family in Lincontan, N. C., is long-lived. Joseph is now 98 years old; his sister, Mrs. Tethrow, is 100 years, and Mrs. Weaver, another sister, is 102 years of age.

Sam Wilson, of Detroit, ate only 12½ pies in his pie-eating contest with Geo. Fehr, of Buffalo, in Grand Rapids, while Fehr got away with 16½ and won the match and $20.

Many of the Jacarilla Indians in New Mexico are desirous of leading a civilized life, and are settling on land in the Rio Grande Valley, and have placed a number of children at school at Ramona

In a case in a Baltimore court a witness said she "was a straight-out Democrat, a staunch Southern sympathizer, and were she a man, her bones would now be bleaching on some Southern battlefield."

Of all the members of the German Imperial family Emperor William is the only one who does not use visiting cards. He has never deviated from his old custom of announcing his intended visits by the court courier.

Sir Charles Lowther and Lady Lowther were recently fined $50 each for not obeying subpœnas to appear as witnesses at the Wakefield county court. They are both octogenarians, and he is totally blind and she entirely deaf.

Part of the library of Gould, the Portland (Me.) defaulter, was sold last week. The character of the books is mostly religious, and oddly enough a well-worn volume called "Prison Life and Reflection" is included in the collection.

Last summer Boswell Brown, of Mystic, Conn., put some watermelons in his cellar, and one of them was covered up and forgotten. Just before Thanksgiving it was discovered, in good condition, and the Browns ate it on Thinksgiving day and enjoyed it.

The late Samuel Morley left to the employes of his great mercantile establishments $99 75 to each one who had been there 14 years, $78.75 to each one who had been there between 7 and 14 years, and $2.50 to each one who had been there between 3 and 7 years.

A new-discovered Mexican flower is quite a wonder, if reports be true. It is said to be white in the morning, red at noon and blue at night, and is further credited with emitting perfumery only at the middle of the day. It grows on a tree of the Isthmus of Tehauntepec.

They tell in Chicago of a member of the Iroquois Club who went home after the recent banquet, and, finding a new baby in the house, insisted upon naming it "Grover Cleveland." The nurse suggested that "Rose Elizabeth" would fit better, and the amendment was adopted.

Mr. John G. Whittier was 79 years old Sunday. The day was observed in the schools at Emesbury, Mass., by readings and recitations from his works, and also in the same way by some of the literary societies. Mr. Whittier, who is with his friends at Oak Knoll, is enjoying his usual health.

Attorney General Garland has refused to allow the time-honored bill of the Supreme Court Justices for carriage hire in their formal annual call upon the President, and now the Justices will have to pay this bill out of their own pockets. This carriage bill has been paid from time immemorial.

A Gainsville, Ga., editor acknowledges the receipt from a neighboring farmer of a couple of well-grown and fully ripe horse apples of the second growth. The blooms appeared in July and several apples remained on the tree until fully matured. The specimen before us is of good size, beautiful in appearance and very mellow.

A quart bottle of whiskey stood on the table when Mrs. Mary O'Neill left her home on Cherry street, New York, for a brief time on Tuesday, leaving her son Johnny, aged 5 years, alone. When his mother returned, some hours later, he was unconscious and the bottle empty. His face was swollen and distorted, and the skin of a dark reddish hue. Efforts to revive him were fruitless, and he died that night in convulsions.

Poetry.

THE HAPPY ANIMAL PAINTER.

I am a happy artist, and my name is Angelo.
I paint the wooden animals for Spiegelbach & Co.,
I paint their eyes, their hair, their tails, their noses, and their feet,
Until the connoisseur proclaims their beauty quite complete.
And Spiegelbach regards me as the foremost of his boys,
Who thus can paint the animals he sells for X-mas toys.

But prithee let me tell you, for it is a lovely joke
About the free-and-easiness that marks my masterstroke;
I daub the camel here and there, I daub the lion too,
I paint the hedgehog bottle-green the gyascutus blue;
I paint upon the polar bear a pensive purple smile,
And on the coach-dog yellow spots I prodigally pile.
In fact, I use the kind of paint that happens at my hand,
And naturalists smile at what they can't understand;
But for these scientific men I care not overmuch,
Or what they say about my work; it's all the same in Dutch.

One day a country visitor made some unkind remarks
When I was painting feathers green upon some meadow larks.
I told him that to suit myself I painted spot or stripe,
And that he please would pack that down and smoke it in his pipe.

I call him that wooden animals that go about on wheels,
And cannot howl or eat or drink or even kick up their heels,
Are not a bit more natural than are the lively tones
I paint upon the wooden skins that cover up no bones.
What if I put magenta stars upon the wary lynx?
What if I clothe the tiger and rhinoceros in pinks?
To please the little boys and girls my aim I ever employ,
I paint the ornithorynchus green to fill their souls with joy,
And though with yellow, red or blue the army mule I touch,
It's all the same to me, because it's all the same in Dutch.

Come, Isaac, fetch the ostriches, the horses and the kids
And pile them up before me here in little pyramids,
And then fetch up the little Noah's arks and set them in a row,
I've got to paint by 5 o'clock to-night a gross or so.
And then fetch on a pot of paint, the first that comes to hand,
And I will make these animals suit any distant land,
And while I paint I'll dance a jig, because my joy is such
That I can suck my thumbs, and say, it's all the same in Dutch.

O'er the silent, slumbering city,
Night that spread her sable pall,
And a dense funeral blackness
Left its shadow over all.

Smith and Jones and Brown together
Chanced to be that sombre eve,
And the darkness brooding o'er them
Could not fail to make them grieve.

"Ah, it's sad to see this blackness
O'er our town," they softly said.
Then they put their heads together
And agreed to paint it red.

Our Story Teller.

THE ELEPHANT TAMER.

[Continudd.]

Several weeks passed away, and Captain Eaton had seen no reason to change the good opinion he had formed of the elephant-tamer. He was by far the best mahout in the kheddah; and his sobriety, steadiness and regularity made him a model to all the others. His good conduct soon brought him an unexpected reward.

For some time past Eaton had been dissatisfied with the conduct of the jemadar, his head man. He was getting very old, and being of an easy, kindly disposition, had allowed many irregularities to creep into the daily work in the kheddah, the consequence being that discipline was much relaxed. Another thing that troubled Captain Eaton was that a batch of elephants had recently arrived at the kheddah from Lower Bengal, the mahouts and coolies in charge of which were the worst he had ever had to deal with. They were most of them low-caste Hindus, and were a noisy, drunken, turbulent lot, ever giving trouble, and taxing Eaton's patience to the utmost. Drunken orgies, followed by fights, had of late been of frequent occurrence; while several of the men, being confirmed bang-smokers, were often incapable of work. Complaints of petty thefts in the kheddah had also become common. Captain Eaton had dismissed one or two and flogged others without improving matters much, and was now at his wit's end. He determined to pension off the old jemadar and appoint another man in his place, on whom he could rely to assist him in restoring order and discipline; nor had he far to look. In Bux Khan he had a man to his hand, whom all respected or feared, and whose giant strength, cool courage and iron nature fitted him above all others to rule turbulent and reckless characters. Though there were several elderly mahouts who, by right of seniority and good conduct, were entitled to the post of jemadar, Eaton was not long in making up his mind to appoint the Afghan. Having decided on this step, he sent for him at once.

'Bux Khan," he said, when the elephant tamer presented himself, "I have sent for you to tell you that I am greatly pleased with the way in which you have conducted yourself since you entered my service."

Bux Khan salaamed, but made no reply.

"I am therefore about to reward you, and to raise you to a post of great responsibility and trust; I intend to make you jemadar."

Bux Khan salaamed again, but without any expression of surprise or pleasure.

"You know the trouble we have had recently with those Bengalees; I shall rely upon you to put down all disturbances and irregularities."

"Sahib!" replied Bux Khan, not boastfully, but with quiet conviction, "I am one whom men obey. I will keep those Hindu dogs in order."

So the elephant-tamer was made jemadar, and the wisdom of the appointment was soon manifest. At first there was some natural grumbling and discontent; but it was soon recognized that Bux Khan was in his right place. So great was the respect all had for him, and so strong was the feeling among the bad characters of the kheddah that it was a proceeding of no ordinary peril to disobey or thwart the new jemadar, that in a few days the turbulent were overawed, the drunkards and bang-smokers frightened into keeping sober and the petty thieves induced to drop their objectionable habits.

Something happened, however, one day to make Captain Eaton regret for the moment that he had made Bux Khan jemadar. He was standing in the hospital shed superintending an operation which was being performed on an elephant; and close by, within twenty or thirty yards, stood Shaitan in its stable. In front of it, but out of its reach, Bux Khan's little son was playing about, but, strange to say, Bux Khan himself was not in sight. He had been suddenly called away to attend to some important duty, and for once had let his child out of sight, when suddenly one of the men who was assisting at the operation exclaimed: "Sahib, Sahib! look at the child! Allah preserve it!"

Looking quickly up, Captain Eaton saw to his horror that Bux Khan's child had in his play approached within reach of Shaitan. Almost before he could realize the danger he saw Shaitan stride forward to the full length of his chains, and stretching out his trunk seized the child round the body. The child was but a mere feather-weight to the elephant, and with one twist of its powerful trunk it threw him over its shoulder into the stable behind. The child fell on to a heap of fodder, and Shaitan was turning round to seize him, when Captain Eaton rushed to the child's rescue.

He was only just in time. Leaning up against the stable wall was an elephant spear, with which he gave the brute a thrust, causing it to turn on him, and with one blow to strike the spear out of his hands. Before the elephant could strike again, Captain Eaton darted past it, and seizing the child by the arm, tried to drag him out of the stable. Nevertheless, the brute made a thrust sideways at him with its tusks, one of which passed through the loose part of his coat, grazing his side. Before Shaitan could repeat the thrust, a spear, thrown by one of the men who had hastened to their master's assistance, struck the ferocious animal. With a roar of pain, the brute threw its head up, whereupon Eaton seized the opportunity to roll sideways out of its reach, dragging the child with him. Having failed in its murderous intentions, Shaitan, after rumbling with rage for a few moments, commenced to eat again as if nothing had happened.

Meanwhile the captain had carried the child to his office and examined him to see if he was hurt. To his surprise he found him uninjured. His having fallen on the bundle of fodder when the elephant threw him into the air had saved the child from breaking any bones.

That evening, as Captain Eaton sat smoking in his veranda after dinner, Bux Khan stalked in, and standing before him, salaamed deeply two or three times without saying a word; then touching his master's knees and feet, and afterward his own forehead, he salaamed again, and walked silently away. And the Englishman knew better than if Bux Khan had spent an hour in protestations that he had in the jemadar a devoted follower, bound to him by the tie of a gratitude deep and lasting.

This new outbreak of Shaitan's decided Captain Eaton to get rid of it at once, as too dangerous an animal to keep in the kheddah. He determined to shoot it next day. But he was saved the trouble. Early next morning, before he went to his office, an old mahout presented himself at the bungalow. "Will the Sahib please come down to the kheddah at once?" he said. "We have something to show him."

"What is the matter?"

"Shaitan is dead," replied the man.

"Dead! What did he die of?"

"He has been killed," was the reply.

Captain Eaton at once hurried down to the kheddah, and went straight to Shaitan's stable. There lay the elephant on its side dead, in a great pool of blood. An examination showed that it had received two deep thrusts behind the left fore-leg, both of which must have penetrated its heart. The spear with which the wounds had evidently been inflicted was lying on the floor of the stable. There was no occasion to ask who had done the deed. There was but one man in the kheddah who had sufficient strength and courage, as every one knew, and that was Bux Khan, the jemadar. He had clearly during the night taken vengeance on the elephant for its attack on his child. Eaton at once sent for him and taxed him with the offense. The Afghan did not attempt to deny it, and his face darkened and his eyes gleamed as he said grimly: "It is true, Sahib; I killed it."

Captain Eaton spoke severely to him, pointing out to him the gravity of the offense he had committed; but in his heart he sympathized with the man, and was glad the dangerous creature had thus been disposed of. Bux Khan listened silently, and made no attempt to exculpate himself. It was well for him that the death of the elephant had already been decided on. He had merely forestalled the order which would have been given next day, and was consequently lightly punished by a trifling fine. Had any other man than Bux Khan been the offender, he would not only have been dismissed, but probably have been committed to jail. The jemadar was too valuable a man, however, to lose; and his English master was glad of any excuse to pass over the matter. He took care, however, to let every one employed at the kheddah know the reason for his lenity, warning them at the same time that any attempt to kill or injure any elephant in the future would be visited with the severest punishment.

CHAPTER III.

BUX KHAN'S FATE.

Although it had been supposed that Bux Khan's child had escaped unhurt from the elephant, it soon proved that he had in some way been injured internally. From the day of Shaitan's outbreak and death, the little fellow began to pine away. Every day he grew worse, till it was clear to everybody in the place that he was dying. The only person who did not appear to be aware how serious was the child's condition seemed to be Bux Khan himself. That he was anxious and disturbed was evident, for, for the first time, he began to neglect his duties. He now never left the child day or night. His master tried to induce him to let the kheddah doctor prescribe for the boy; but Bux Khan respectfully but firmly refused. He appeared to have faith in certain nostrums and drugs, which he himself administered to the child. All that Eaton could do was to excuse him from his duties, so that he might always be with his too surely dying child.

Most of the people in the kheddah sympathized sincerely, and would gladly have given what assistance and comfort they could; but they knew Bux Khan's peculiar temper too well to care to make any offer of help, or to express their sympathy. Consequently, he was left alone with his child, his only visitor being Captain Eaton, who frequently looked in to inquire how the child was. At length the little fellow became so ill that Bux Khan, alarmed at last, smothered his jealous feelings, and procured the assistance of two women, the wives of mahouts, to help him tend and nurse the child. But it was too late. One evening, as Eaton sat at dinner, his butler came in and reported that the child was dead.

The Englishman knew very well what child was referred to; so, after dinner, he repaired to the kheddah to see if he could do anything or be of any assistance. There was a dim light burning in Bux Khan's hut; and looking in at the door, Eaton saw the Afghan sitting cross-legged on the floor with the body of the child on his lap. He was not fondling it, but was sitting silent and motionless, looking down on the little dead face. There was an expression on the man's dark face which made Captain Eaton hesitate to address him, not from fear, but from respect for a strong man's agony. After looking on quietly for a few seconds, he stepped softly in, and touching the jemadar gently on the shoulder, whispered: "Bux Khan, remember what is written. 'Verily, children are as the flowers of the earth. Death as the hot wind cometh, and they wither and die. But they shall bloom again in the Paradise of the faithful, saith the Merciful One.'"

Bux Khan did not look up or make any reply so the captain went quietly away.

That night, about two hours before dawn, the watcher at the kheddah gate saw the jemadar pass out, carrying his dead child in his arms and with a mattock over his shoulder. Guessing what he was about to do, the man followed him, carefully keeping out of sight. Bux Khan strode rapidly on till he came to a mango tope about half a mile from the town. In the center of the tope stood the ruined tomb of a Mohammedan saint. Having laid the body of the child gently on the steps of the tomb, the Afghan, by the light of the stars, dug a deep grave at the back of the tomb. Then the watcher saw him take up the body of the child, and, without looking at its face or making any demonstration of affection or sorrow, place it in the grave and shovel the earth on it. When the grave was filled up, he collected together a number of heavy stones, and piled them on the spot, to prevent the jackals from digging up the body. While looking for stones, Bux Khan approached near to where the watcher was standing behind a mango tree, and the man crouched and trembled, for he knew what to expect if the jemadar discovered him. Having buried his child, Bux Khan stood for a few moments silent over the grave, then turned slowly away and strode back to the kheddah.

Next day the jemadar resumed his work as if nothing had happened. It was soon known throughout the kheddah what he had done with the child, and so no questions were asked. At first there was little in his appearance or manner to show that he was much affected at the loss of his child. He went to his work much as usual, quietly and silently. But at the end of a week or two it became very plain to Captain Eaton, who was watching him anxiously, that there was something very wrong with him. He became gaunt and haggard. Some of the men reported that he hardly ever slept, and that he was accustomed to move restlessly about all night in his hut, or walk up and down the elephant-yard muttering to himself. One mahout declared that he had watched him walking about one night and overheard him talking to himself, as if addressing a child by his side. It happened one day that Captain Eaton, accidentally glancing into his hut as he walked past, saw him sitting there on the floor gazing at something in his lap. A second glance showed it to be some of the dead child's clothes and ornaments. Bux Khan was regarding a pair of little gold anklets that lay in the palm of his huge brown hand, when he caught sight of the master standing in the doorway. The mad glare in his eyes as he looked up and gazed fixedly at his master for a few seconds, as if he did not recognize him, convinced Captain Eaton that his suspicion that the man's reason was shaken was correct. Seeing in what mood the jemadar was, he walked on without a word.

The fear and awe with which the jemadar was regarded by everybody in the kheddah may be supposed to be cast upon him.

Several weeks passed, and the jemadar had commenced to flatter Eaton, to await the evil eye he supposed to be cast upon him. Nevertheless, he bore with his fawning ways, so that matters were in an unsatisfactory state, and Eaton was anxiously debating with himself what course he should take. One day he received a letter from the government which assisted to help him out of his difficulty. He was ordered to break up his establishment and to take all the elephants to Shoranpur, and there to organize a new kheddah. The place about sixty miles from Jehanabad, not far from the frontier, and was a wild, unsettled out-of-the-way place, the haunt of numerous dacoits, Afghan horse-thieves and other bad characters. It was not long before Captain Eaton realized what a savage, lawless place it was. One evening a week or two after his arrival at Shoranpur, as he sat in his room counting a large number of rupees which were to be paid away next morning, being the wages of the establishment for the past month, he heard some one enter the room, and looking up, saw Bux Khan.

"I have something to report, Sahib," he said as he salaamed.

"What is it, jemadar?"

"As I was sitting in a shop in the bazaar this afternoon, I overheard two countrymen of mine, men from the mountains, plotting with some of our Bengalee mahouts to murder the Sahib to-night and to rob him of that money," and he pointed to the heap of rupees on the table.

This was startling news. The Englishman looked steadily in the jemadar's face, thinking it might possibly be the delusion of a disordered brain. But there was nothing in his face or in the way he spoke to countenance the idea. He was perfectly quiet and composed, and his eyes were steadier and had less of the strange gleam in them that had before so impressed Captain Eaton.

"Did you recognize any of the mahouts? How many were there?" he asked.

"There were three; and I knew them at once by their voices, though I did not see them. They were Toolsee, Bannajee and the old man Lal Dass."

"Did you hear what their plan was?"

"Yes, Sahib. They intend to enter your room about midnight and to cut your throat while you are sleeping, and then to carry off the rupees."

"What do you think we ought to do, jemadar?" asked Eaton, after a pause, while he thought over this unwelcome piece of news.

"If the Sahib will permit me to sit in his room, I think we should wait for them, and receive them when they come." And a look of grim satisfaction, almost a smile, passed over the jemadar's face.

"Will we two be strong enough to deal with the five, do you think?"

"Yes, Sahib," was the reply. "The Bengalees are cowardly dogs and will not fight. I will manage my two countrymen, if need be."

[To be Continued.

JOE'S PEOPLE.

"Only look at it," said Bessie Gale, lightly, "My husband's people have sent me a tub of apple butter and a roll of rag carpet for a wedding present. Because, my mother-in-law's letter says, it isn't likely I have had time to do up many preserves yet, and the rag carpet will save me such a deal of scrubbing the kitchen floor."

Miss Millian put up her eye-glasses with a click.

"They must ber egular pre-Raphaelites," said she.

"I have never seen them," said Bessie, "and I never mean to. Of course, when I married Joe, I didn't expect to marry the whole family. And so I have given him pretty plainly to understand."

"Did he like it?" said Miss Millian.

The bride tossed her head.

"I don't know whether he did or not," said she. "But it's just as well to have all these matters definitely settled at the very outset."

Bessie Gale was an ideal bride—very pretty, very frivolous, full of a vague idea that life was a pilgrimage of roses, and that it was her mission to enjoy herself as much as possible. She had stepped almost directly from the recitation room of a fashionable school to the altar.

Mr. Gale—"Joe," as Bessie called him—was the assistant cashier in a bank, with a good income and a sunny temper. He regarded his young wife as little less than perfection, although he found it difficult to reconcile her type of womanhood with that embodied in his mother and sisters, and the dear old aunts who had alternately scolded and spoiled him in the days of his boyhood.

"Do you think it is necessary to keep three girls," said he one day, "with our small family, Bessie?"

"I couldn't get along with less," said young Mrs. Gale, "unless," lifting her large gazelle-like eyes reproachfully to his face, "you want me to make a perfect drudge of myself."

"My mother will come here, if you like, Bessie, and instruct you in—"

"No, she won't," quickly interrupted Mrs. Gale, coloring to the roots of her lovely auburn-gold hair. "I'll have no mother-in-law in this house."

Joe looked hurt, but he said nothing more.

Mary Millian says I must be resolute or I shall be conquered, thought the bride.

And when Helen and Honora Gale, her husband's sisters, from Primrose Hollow, telegraphed that they were coming to New York for a day's shopping, and would lunch with their new sister, Bessie wired back a most uncompromising message that "it would not be convenient," and immediately invited Miss Millian to eat a crab lunch with her at Delmonico's upon the same day.

"Oh, you are doing spendidlly," said Miss Millian to her, when she learned of this deed of prowess. "They will soon get tired of obtruding themselves on you at this rate."

All this diplomacy, however, did not protect honest Elihu Gale, her husband's elder brother, from dropping unexpectedly in upon them one evening, when they were entertaining a few friends at a little supper previous to a theatre party.

Joe, unsophisticated mortal, joyfully welcomed the young giant from the rural districts, and made room for him, as if he had been a guest of honor, but Mrs. Gale pursed up her cherry lips and scarcely inclined her head when Joe called out:

"Bessie, my darling, this is my brother Elihu. Wasn't it fortunate that he chanced to come in this evening, of all others, when we are going to the theatre."

Joe enjoyed it, certainly. So did Elihu. But Mrs. Gale's displeasure was but too evident.

"Sister," said the young man, bluntly, when the moment arrived for him to take his leave, "I'm afraid you are not glad to see me."

"To tell you the truth," said Bessie, frigidly, "I am not."

"No?" said Elihu Gale. "Why not?"

"Because," said Bessie, "I think it will be altogether better if my husband's family and I see as little as possible of each other. We belong to a different world as you yourself must see. It is impossible that we should harmonize."

"Think so, eh?" said Elihu.

"I am certain of it," declared Bessie.

So Elihu Gale went back and gave his mother and sisters a description of Joe's wife.

Scarcely six months had elapsed, however, when a cloud of vague, unanticipated trouble loomed up on the horizon. Mr. Gale went abroad on some mission for the bank, to be gone several weeks, and, to the surprise of all concerned, he did not return when the allotted time was up.

"I always thought so," said Miss Millian, with a shrug of her velvet-draped shoulders. "These Gales lived a deal too extravagantly for people of their means. Johnson (to the servant) if Mrs Gale calls here and asks to see me, mind, I am not at home."

Bessie was bewildered. Cold glances were turned towards her, suspicious whispers met her ear on every side, Miss Millian openly "cut" her in the street, and tradesmen sent in their bills, with various degrees of insolent persistency.

"What does it all mean?" she said to herself, with a creeping chill at her heart. "Why does not Joe write or telegraph or something? What shall I do? I cannot live so."

In the midst of her tearful perplexity there came a prodigious thumping at the door, and in walked Joe's tall brother Elihu.

"What, crying, little Bessie?" said he kindly. "This won't do. What is it all about?"

"My husband?" sobbed Bessie, glad to rest her throbbing head against the tender arm. They say he has embezzled the bank's money—or that he is a defaulter."

"Then they are uttering a pack of lies," said Elihu, cheerfully. "And you and I, sister-in law, ought to know that if no one else does."

"The landlord has put a bill on the house," faltered Bessie. "And the butcher and baker won't serve me any longer—and that odious dressmaker has sent in her bill—and people look the other way when they meet me! Oh, what is to become of me?"

"I'll tell you," said Elihu. "Pack up your trunks in less than an hour, and come back to Primrose Hollow with me. Mother and the girls are expecting you. Don't delay a minute."

And, irresistibly impelled by the current of the stronger will, Bessie Gale obeyed. It was such a comfort to have some one to lean on—to feel herself upheld by a strength that was greater than her own! For after all, she only belonged to the "climbing vine" type of women.

It was a chill, autumnal dusk when they reached the old farm house at the foot of Primrose Mountain, where the red lights shone out into the frosty dusk like cheery eyes. Old Mrs. Gale stood smiling in the doorway, and Helen and Honora ran to the gate to help her out of the depot wagon, with many welcoming kisses and words of affection.

"Oh, I don't see how you can have any patience with me," said Bessie, repentently, as she stood the centre of loving attention and caresses. "I don't deserve it. I have treated you all so badly. But if you will try and bear with me for poor Joe's sake—"

"Joe need not fret about you dear," said old Mrs. Gale, kindly patting her shoulder. "He will know that his wife will always be sure of a home with us."

And the next morning, when Bessie opened her eyes, a billow of indescribable comfort swept across her soul. They all believed in Joe here. They were ready to love and honor her.

Oh, what a happiness all this was, after the atmosphere of doubt, scorn, intangible contempt from which she had escaped.

"Joe's mother is the sweetest old lady in the world," she thought. "Helen and Honora are born gentlewomen, even though they do bake and cook and sweep their own floors. And Elihu, oh, Elihu is like Joe, a prince among men."

For a week she dwelt under the loving wing of "Joe's people," just as kind Mrs. Gale was helping to plan out a self-supporting future of her own, the door opened and in walked Joe himself.

Such an outrageous jumble of lies!" said he. I was detained on private business for Mr Auranus, the bank president. I missed only one steamer, yet that delay was enough to serve as a foundation for a perfect Babel of nonsense. I've good news for you, Bess. I am to be promoted to be first cashier, with another thousand a year salary."

But, to his amazement, Bessie burst out laughing and crying in the same breath.

I don't care for any more salary, now that you are back, Joe," said she. "And no money could buy the happiness I have experienced in the kindness of your people, dear dear Joe."

In vain did Miss Millian attempt to knit together the broken stitches of the old friendship when Mrs Gale came back. Bessie would have nothing more to say to her. Joe's sisters were enough companionship for her, and Joe's mother henceforward was hers.

"But I always told you, didn't I," said hones Joe, "that they were nice?" *New York Ledger.*

The Deer Range of Maine.

The deer range, covered by the almost unsettled forest stretching miles into the interior of the state from the eastern portion of the coast, line, embraces an area of about 500 square miles. This vast track has been bereft of the greater parts of its valuable timber by lumbermen, and the forest is now in a state of reproduction. Through this region deer wander in such numbers that in the opinion of Major Boyd there is no other deer range in the country equal to it. Houses away from the coast are found only at rare intervals, there being whole townships with not even a road running through them. To this attractive hunting ground every year a great number of sportsmen come from outside the state to hunt the deer in a lawful manner. The law-abiding citizens of that section of the state extend a ready welcome to the sportsmen, knowing that their visits are a material advantage, it being estimated that at least $50 is left in the state for every deer the sportsmen kill. They pay liberally for the services of the guides who accompany them to the best spots, as well as the boys who go to tend the camp. The teams which transport the camp equipage are hired of the livery stables in Maine towns, and the supplies are brought of Maine stores, while the sportsmen in going and coming to the range stop at Maine hotels. The citizens of the state enjoy the same privileges in their right to hunt deer as do these visitors from away, so there is no just complaint against the law. To prevent the extinction of the deer the state law provides that they shall not be hunted with hounds. "Still hunting," said Major C. H. Boyd, of the United States coast survey, who has just returned from a three months' sojourn in the vicinity of Machias and the hunting grounds, "never will drive the deer from the state while the forests last, but the cry of the dogs frightens the deer from the ranges, and they will not return for a long time when once frightened off." The game wardens in the execution of their duty, whenever they have been informed that a party of hunters, have gone into the woods with hounds, give chase and cruise until the camp is discovered, and then woe to the dogs if they be kept for killing deer; the wardens make short work of them.

Burdette and the Boy.

There was a boy at my former boarding house. He was the type of a boy I most furiously dislike, and I seem to be the type of a man he hates, for he declared war the first day we met. He was an impudent, loud voiced, slangy cub, with a head of most luxuriant long bushy hair, that my fingers were always aching to get into. My room was on the first floor and he used to make faces at my window. One day he thrust his head in, but I was lying for him, and as he opened his mouth to yell something offensive, I chucked it full of sawdust. Then began a series reprisals on his part, which I will not weary you by enumerating. Finally I resolved to exterminate him. My sole desire now was to catch him in the dark and scalp him. But he was wary, and never went in the dark alone. I was just beginning to despair, when, one evening I heard him passing my window where I lay in ambush. I peeped out, and in the dim misty starlight I just discovered my enemy's figure passing out of reach. I threw my body far out over the window sill, and, stretching my arm, caught a handful of that hated hair.

My fingers closed on the locks of my foe like the grip of an octupus, and I gave a yank that would have pulled up a pine tree. The shrieks that split the air of the silent night fairly made my heart stand still, and I shrunk back within the gloom of my room. Scream after scream slamming doors, crashing windows, told the house was alarmed and wild with excitement. I must go out; it would not do to remain concealed. I brushed the clinging locks from my guilty fingers. Shrill voices were calling my name. Horrors! I was suspected, then? Some one had seen me? The boy had recognized my touch? I went out into the hall. What was the matter? Well might I ask, they said, sitting there in my room, poring over my book while murder was being done. A gigantic tramp, they told me, hidden under the trees, had caught my sister by the hair and nearly broken her neck, and then ran away.

I am going to slay that boy with my naked hands if I have to wait till the next world to get a chance at him.

Bootmaking Extraordinary.

Pall Mall Gazette.

The celebrated Chicago sausage machine has been eclipsed. In this machine the pig, it will be recollected, is said to enter at one end and on the whisk of a handle to emerge in sausage at the other end. The Vienna papers are making merry over a bet made about a day or two ago by a celebrated shoemaker in that city. He undertook from a given calf to manufacture a pair of boots within twenty-four hours of the animal's death. The conditions were made and a committee was appointed to see that they were duly carried out. Large stakes were put into the hands of an impartial stakeholder. Early in the morning of the appointed day a calf was killed in the presence of numerous witnesses. The skin was at the tannery at noon; it was properly tanned and turned over to one of the most skillful hands of the spirited shoemaker that very evening, and next morning it reappeared in the shape of a pair of boots, which were worn by the man who owned the calf that had carried the skin on the day before. So many orders have flocked in as a result of the publicity given to this event, which veritably marks an epoch in the annals of the boot and shoe trade, that the worthy manufacturer contemplates erecting a slaughter house on the premises, together with a small cowshed. He deserves every success.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected it tends, by impairing nutrition and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

Trade Mark

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food.

REV. J. T. ROSSITER, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says:

"Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and Indigestion I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."

HON. JOSEPH C. SUIT, Judge of Circuit Court, Clinton Co., Ind., says: "I bear most cheerful testimony to the efficacy of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and as a tonic."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Miscellaneous.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want Live, Energetic and Capable Agents in every County in the United States and Canada to introduce our new articles of great merit, ON WHICH WE GUARANTEE LARGE PROFITS. Any article having a large sale, pays the agent large profit, having no competition. Sales are made only where the agent is protected in territory, and sale by a deed given for each and every county secure from us. With all orders we furnish our agents and the fact that our goods can be sold to every household, it will not be necessary to make an extensive "canvass" to secure good agents. We have concluded to make it to the interest of our confidence in the merits of our goods and in its salability by any agent who will work with energy. Our agents are now making from $150 to $500 a month, and the fact makes it safe for us to say to all who are out of employment, or that will give our business a trial, that we will fail to clear at least $150 per month ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return their goods to us and we will refund the money they have paid us. Any agent or general agent who can hasten or more counties and appoint sub-agents for ninety days can clear at least $150 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, and secure all unsold and get their money. No other employer of agents ever made such offers, nor would we if we did not have agents now making from the amount we guaranteed. Any one who would give a profit of $150 per month, and that one of our agents has taken orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and we will send them free to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps. Send at once and secure the benefit of the boom, and go to work at once. This is an extraordinary offer. Don't delay, but write us at once. Address the address of all the above mentioned carpenters and farmers, and every reader of this paper who wants profitable employment. Address at once, P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

1 11 1y

Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c. WALTER W. BAYARD.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is unrivalled in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

13 9 1y

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common **Blotch**, or **Eruption**, to the worst **Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin**, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. **Great Eating Ulcers** rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck**, and **Enlarged Glands.** Send ten cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution,** will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs,** is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. PIERCE thought seriously of calling it his **"Consumption Cure,"** but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from **Indigestion, Dyspepsia,** and **Torpid Liver,** or **"Biliousness."** In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** has no equal.

For **Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption,** and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. **Sold by Druggists.**

PRICE $1.00 OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

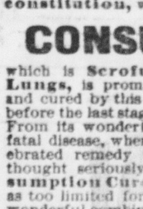
World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SIZE OF PELLETS

ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.



$500 REWARD

is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption.

Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "Cold in the Head,"** and **Catarrhal Headache,** 50 cents.

HAPPY CHILDREN SINGING.

Christmas bells are ringing, ringing,
Merrily upon the air;
Happy children singing, singing,
In the house, the house of prayer.

CHORUS.

Merrily, oh, merrily, then ring, ring, ring,
Cheerily, oh, cheerily, then sing, sing, sing,
Gladly sound the praises of our Savior King,
Who was born on Christmas day.

Christmas bells are ringing, ringing,
Over hillside, vale and glen;
Mingling with the children's singing.
Peace on earth, good will to men.
CHO.—Merrily, &c.

Glory in the highest, glory,
Sweetly now the bells do chime;
Glory in the highest, glory,
Give to God at Christmas time.
CHO.—Merrily, &c.

Gen. Beaver and the Rush for Office

T. M. Jones, in the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, thus writes upon a familiar subject: The rush for office still continues "just as of old," and if General Beaver's hair does not turn white in the next month it will not be because he has not been annoyed sufficiently to kill an ordinary mortal. I venture to say there is not a prominent Republican in Harrisburg who has not been appealed to for aid by at least a score of applicants for positions under the next state administration. The man who is supposed to have what is known politically as "a pull" does not sleep on a bed of roses. His door bell is jingled, his house invaded, his business place overrun and his every hour could be taken up in attending to other people's business in helping them to get office. Colonel W. A. Stone, the deposed United States district attorney from Pittsburg was in Harrisburg the other day, and told a friend that he had been asked by over a hundred applicants for office to write personal letters to General James Beaver urging their claims. General D. H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, who nominated Beaver and who will be his next adjutant general, says that he receives a bushel of letters a day from those who want office, asking him to recommend them to General Beaver. He puts them all in the waste basket. There are thousands of applicants. When Aaron K. Dunkel took charge of the department of internal affairs he told me he had nine hundred applications for clerkships on file, and only eighteen positions in the department. Why, I am told that from General Beaver's own ward, in Bellefonte, there are applications for every position in the state government, from secretary of the commonwealth and attorney general down to messenger in the department.

W. C. T. U. Column.

One of the most villainous attempts to defeat the law against intoxicating drinks, is the manufacture of liquor flasks in imitation of prayer books. What will not rum-sellers do? Is there anything too sacrilegious or illegal, or desperately low that they are incapable of doing to further their business?

Touch the goblet no more!
It will make thy heart sore
To its very core!
Its perfume is the breath
Of the Angel of Death!
And the light that within it lies
Is the flash of his evil eyes!
Beware, O beware!
For sickness, sorrow and care
All are there!
—*Longfellow.*

Dr. Channing said: "What ought not to be used as a beverage ought not to be sold as such."

Dr. Sam Johnson said: "I know how to abstain, but I don't know how to be moderate."

Had His Arm Taken Off.

Brother George—"Girls, did you hear what a sad thing happened to Fred Jones yesterday?"

Girls (in alarm)—"No! What was it?"

Brother G.—"The poor fellow had to have his arm taken off."

Girls—"O! how terrible! How did it happen?"

Brother G.—"Well, it happened this way. He was sitting by Miss Smith; they were then alone, when he suddenly put his arm around her."

"Girls—"Well, go on. What then? What happened?"

Brother G.—"Well, it was then it had to be taken off."

First Plumber Joke of the Season.

"Thirteen thousand dollars for the plumbing and gasfitting in my house!" he exclaimed as he looked at the bill.

"Yes, sir," humbly replied the plumber.

"But the building and land together only cost $10,000."

Exactly, sir, but I had to make in account the natural scenery around the place. Natural scenery is always figured in our bills."

Discharged.

Magistrate—"The young women says that your continued staring at her annoyed her excessively."

Prisoner—"I never intentionally annoyed a woman in my life, your honor."

Magistrate—"Then why did you stare at her so persistently?"

Prisoner—"Because she is pretty, and I couldn't help it."

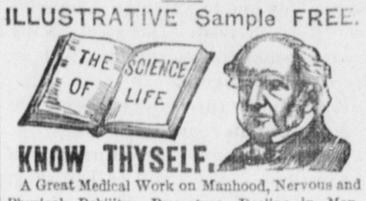
Young Woman—"Let him go, judge."

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranteed preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A little dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. WALTER W. BAYARD.

Miscellaneous.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

ILLUSTRATIVE Sample FREE.



KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Exhausted Vitality, &c., &c., and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses; 300 pages, substantially bound in gilt, muslin. Contains more than 125 invaluable prescriptions, embracing every vegetable remedy in the pharmacopœia for all acute and chronic diseases. It is emphatically a book for every man. Price only $1 by mail, post paid, concealed in plain wrapper.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE TO ALL Young and middle-aged men for the next ninety days. Send now, or cut this out, as you may never see it again. Address Dr. W. H. PARKER, 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass. f

DYSPEPSIA—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By JOHN H. McALVIN, Lowell, Mass., 14 years Tax Collector. Sent free to any address. 18 50 4t

FARMS on James River, Va., in Claremont Colony. Illustrated circular free. J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Virginia. 18 50 4t

DEAFNESS Its causes and a new and successful CURE, at your own [illegible] Treated by mail. Send for circulars and testimonials. Cured himself in three weeks after being deaf for thirty years. Address, T. S. PAGE, Newport, Sullivan Co., New York City. 18 50 4t

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, NY.

Brewster's Patent Rein Holder. Your lines are where you put them, under horses' feet. One agent sold 11 in 5 days, one dealer sold 6 doz. in 15 days. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Write for terms. E. E. BREWSTER, Holly, Mich.

THE NEW QUININE.

KASKINE

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS SAY ABOUT IT IN

Rheumatism, MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, LIVER, LUNG AND KIDNEY DISEASE.

The eminent and celebrated Dr. Greene writes, *The Kaskine Co.*—DEAR SIRS—The first grand test successes I had with Kaskine were in chills and fever, malaria, nervous debility rheumatism, dyspepsia, and liver diseases and I considered at that time it was undoubtedly the best medicine ever discovered but I was even then an amulaar with its many wonder ul powers in curing all the other germ diseases and disorders, particularly where the blood had become diseased or deteriorated and the digestion impaired. Strictly speaking, Kaskine is the only blood purifier we have. I use it almost entirely rarely with unfailing success in all diseases peculiar to women and children. In over three hundred cases I have cured there has never been the slight st bad effect following its use, and it is far superior to any tonic or nerve medicine ever known in the medical profession." Very truly yours,

L. M. GLASSNER, M. D., 36 East 21st St., N. Y.

Prof. W. E. Hoag [illegible] M. D., 54 East 23rd St., N. Y. (late Prof. in N. Y. Med. College) writes: "Kaskine is superior to quinine in its specific power, and never produces the slightest injury to the hearing or constitution."

The U. S. examining surgeon, Dr. L. R. White, writes: "Kaskine is the best medicine made."

"Every patient treated St. Francis Hospital N. Y. with Kaskine has been discharged cured.

Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.: "Universally successful."

St. Joseph's Hospital, N. Y.: "Its use is considered and unquestionable. It acts perfectly."

Kaskine is pleasant to take and can be used with or without medical counsel.

Send for a list of testimonials unparalleled in the history of medicine. $1.00 per bottle. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE KASKINE CO., 4 Warren St., New York. Sold by JOHN HARRIS, druggist, Bellefonte. 18 8 4

BENSON'S

BENSON'S CAPCINE PLASTER

POROUS PLASTER

Highest Awards of Medals in Europe and America.

The surest, quickest, safest and most powerful remedy known for Rheumatism, Pleurisy, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Backache, Weakness, colds in the chest and all aches and pains. Endorsed by 5,000 Physicians and Druggists of the highest repute. Benson's Plasters promptly relieve and cure where other plasters and greasy salves, liniments and lotions are absolutely useless. Beware of imitations under similar sounding names, such as "Capsicine," "Capsici," "Capsicine" as they are utterly worthless and intended to deceive. ASK FOR BENSON'S AND TAKE NO OTHERS. All druggists, SEABURY & JOHNSON, Proprietors, New York. 38 46 6m

Miscellaneous.

Important Noitce!

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GALVANZED and PLAIN WROUGHT IRON PIPE,

CAST IRON,

TERRA COTTA

DRAIN PIPE,

FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

plumbing and steam fitting, light and heavy castings and general machine work,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agents for

CUSTER CO.

FOR THE

LANSING WAGON.

Every wagon warranted and sold at a fair price. Call and see us at

THE LOCAN FOUNDRY,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

[BUCK & BUSH.]

18 26 1f

CHRISTIE'S

School of Business,

Kreamer's Commercial Building,

CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

$350 PER MONTH.—*Salary and Commission* to competent Manager for this City or State Agency. A salaried position given. *Our* **AUTOMATIC GAS GOVERNORS** save 33 per cent in gas bills. *Our Sunset Gas Lights* can be attached to any fixture, instantly changing the dull, sickly, yellow flame of any gas to a soft, mellow, luminous white, increasing brilliancy 50 per cent. Over 8,000 in service. Address, THE UNION NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO., 21 East 14th St., New York. 38 3m

MEN WANTED

to sell for the HOOKER NURSERIES. Established 1835. Good Pay All the Year Around on salary or commission. Send for terms. H. E. HOOKER CO., Rochester, N. Y. 18 37 8t

W. P. Duncan & Co.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machiner

46a812-1f

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT

BookBindery.

The Only Book Binding Establishment in Centre County.

We have purchased an entire new outfit for the Book Binding business, and have engaged one of the

BEST BINDERS

in the State, Mr. JOHN LINGLE, late foreman of the Patriot Book Bindery of Harrisburg, and are therefore prepared to bind all kinds of

BOOKS,
PAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
BLANK BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
LAW BOOKS,
HOTEL REGISTERS,
&c., &c., &c

POCKET-BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS LETTERED.

Old Books Re-Bound.

All binding will be done at our establishment. No work will be sent away for binding. You are thus saved the express charges and commission.

All Work Guaranteed.

ADDRESS THE

CENTRE DEMOCRAT BOOK BINDERY

HARRIS BLOCK,

Bellefonte Penna.

1741

Professional Cards.

LAND SURVEYING. Grateful to the public for past favors, I shall continue in the business, and shall endeavor to give satisfaction to all my patrons. Office with D. F. Fortney, Esq., in Conrad House.

JAMES D. GORDON, Bellefonte, Pa. 18 11tf

E. R. CHAMBERS, Attorney-at-Law. Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 47 1y

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 18-21

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-46-1y

J. C. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. jan 71-1y

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney at Law, WASHINGTON, D. C. Solicitor of Patents, Claims and Pensions. Increase of Pension a specialty. Officer's musket corrected. Back pay collected. Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new certificates. Charge of DESERTION removed. Question blanks, instructing parties how to state their cases, furnished free. Write for information. 17 35 1y

Banks and Bankers.

S. T. HUMES, Pres't. ..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 1941-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLER, FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER. Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen. Under Centre county bank building, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM, FASHIONABLE BARBER. In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without the pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. Warm and Cold Baths. 8-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER, DENTIST. A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth. Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N. 9th Broad Street (above Arch)

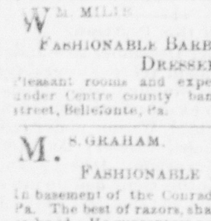
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts, three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Prop'r.

PERCHERON HORSES.



My recent importation of Percheron horses, together with my present stock of nearly 100 head, make one of the most desirable studs in this country to select from. All stock recorded, with pedigree, in Percheron Stud-Books of France and America. Took 27 prizes and gold medal at last two N. Y. State fairs. Send for Catalogue. Station ESSENDORF, on Southern Central R. R. JOHN W. AKIN, Scipio, N. Y. Box 36. 21 28

F. P. GREEN, DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING

99-1y GEORGE L. POTTER.

(Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte.

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High treet,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miscellaneous.

Marvellous Sewing Machine Invention!

Wonderful Blessing to the Ladies!

The Continuous Rotary Motion!

MAKES WORK

Twice as rapid as on other machines.
Twice as easy as on other machines.

Genuine Improved Bent Wood Work.
Beautiful and Practical Attachments.
Send for descriptive circular.

C. C. EMMONS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wholesale Dealer for Western Pennsylvania and Western Maryland.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 8, 1886.

This institution is located in one of the most healthful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of study:

1. **A Full Classical Course** of four years.
2. A Latin scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, to follow the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) MANUAL LABOR; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts. Combining shop-work with study.
7. **A new Special Course** (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. **A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.**
9. **Special Courses** are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President.*

8-1f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

OPENS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

$500 A YEAR. $125 QUARTERLY.

SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S ACADEMY

For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense except books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No furnishing. No examinations for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students are fitted at Media Academy are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students went to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasium and Ball Ground. 1,000 volumes added to Library in 1883. Physical apparatus worth $1,000 in 1883. All students board with the Principal. Excellent table. Boys must room alone. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circulars address the Principal and Proprietor, SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M. (Harvard Graduate), Media, Pa. 18 35 1y

Percheron HORSES.

Long Home Stock Farm
Grosse Isle, Mich.

All stock selected from the get of sires of established reputation and imported in the dam. We have a very large number of grade stallions and brood mares for sale at reasonable. Correspondence solicited. For large illustrated catalogue address SAVAGE & FARNUM.

SWAYNE'S

THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE.

TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS.

SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILITIC BLOOD.

LONDON HAIR RESTORER (ENGLISH) Dr. SWAYNE & SON SOLE AGENT.

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR

ITCHING PILES & SKIN HUMOR

SYMPTOMS. Moisture, intense itching and stinging, most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.

OLDEST IN U.S.

PREPARED ONLY BY DR. SWAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY Druggists

18 24 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - *Editor and Proprietor*
HIRAM TORREY, - - *Corresponding Editor*

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.

Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.

Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

A Band of Thieves.

ALLENTOWN, Dec. 19.—A bad gang, that has been terrorizing the upper end of Lehigh county and the lower end of Berks, was captured and put in jail here this afternoon. For several months past many robberies have been committed in the sections named. Some of the crimes have been exceedingly bold. Efforts to detect the perpetrators failed until yesterday, when by accident a clue was found, and it led to their arrest. At the base of the Blue Mountain, on the Lehigh side, there is a small weather-beaten shanty, which for some time has been occupied by Phil Bump and a woman named Susan Hilbert, who claims to be Bump's wife. With them lived Frederick Yensen and Henry Smith, lazy, shiftless fellows, whose means of subsistence have been the standing wonder of the community.

Thursday night the store of Jarius Krause at Best's station on the Berks and Lehigh railroad, was broken open and robbed of goods. Next day while the thieves were conveying their plunder to their rendezvous they were almost run over by a train on the above railroad. The engineer, noticing the goods in their wagon and suspecting that they had been stolen, notified Constable Weiss, who traced them to the Bump shanty. Assisted by a posse of farmers, who were armed, they made a descent upon the place and captured the occupants, shackled together and after a hearing brought them to jail here this afternoon.

A search of the Bump premises resulted in finding a large quantity of goods stolen from storekeepers and farmers. In a secret vault, accessible only through a small opening, was found plunder valued at $500 A gold watch, money, a demijohn of whisky, hams, clothing, etc., were found. The prisoners are a hard-looking set and range in age from 21 to 40 years.

Flouring Mill Burned.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., December 15.—News was received here to night of the burning of the Green Lea flouring mill, located about two miles north of McAlvy's Fort, this county. The mill, which was three-and-a-half stories high, was owned by William H Weaver, and was one of the oldest in this section of the country. There were between 600 and 700 bushels of grain in it at the time, all of which was destroyed, together with the machinery. A desk containing the books was the only article saved from the flames. The fire is thought to have originated from a defective flue.

Mr. Weaver estimates his loss at $4,500, on which there is an insurance of $2,000 in the Lebanon Mutual insurance company.

They Decide to Die.

ELMIRA, December 19.—The details of a double tragedy have just come to light at Penn Yan Gates county. A young woman was killed there and her lover is dying. The principals in the bloody drama were Dow M. Hamlin, station agent of the Fall Brook railroad company at Penn Yan, and Muriel Alderman, a handsome, accomplished, and well connected young lady of the place. Unknown to Hamlin's wife they became intimate. On Thursday night Hamlin went to the young woman's house, and, fearing that their intimacy was discovered, they decided to end their lives with poison.

Each took a large dose of morphine. Hamlin's absence from duty created alarm, and, after a long search by his clerk, he was found in Miss Aledrman's room.

Sad Result of a Frolic.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., December 19.—John Green, an employe at the gas works in this city, is confined to the house by the effects of an injury received in a curious way. While he was at work recently one of his friends rolled up a ball of lime and threw it at him. It struck Green on the nose and broke, some of the pieces entering his eyes. Green fell to the ground, and was taken to his home as soon as possible. He has since lost the sight of one eye altogether, and the other is much inflamed. His mates at the gas works have raised a purse for him and are doing their best to help him out of his troubles, and it is certain that throwing lime balls has ceased to be a favorite amusement with them.

To Hunt Buffaloes.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—A dozen young men, some of them in loud check suits of English cut and nearly all them smoking briar pipes, had a special Pullman car on the Chicago limited bound for the west yesterday morning. Eight of them are sons of English capitalists. The other four are New Yorkers. They were en route for the far west, where they are going to hunt Buffaloes. They had any quantity of guns in leather cases, half a baggage car full of luggage, and about twenty-five boxes of champagne. They are going to visit the Yellowstone Park and the Yosemite Valley, and will return to New York when the flowers begin to bloom.

A Noted Case Ended.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The jury in the Colin Campbell divorce case this evening returned a verdict. They found that Lord Campbell was not guilty and that Lady Colin was not guilty. The jury added a rider that the conduct of General Butler was unworthy of a gentleman and as an officer and had caused the only difficulty which the jury experienced in reaching a decision. The verdict was received with applause.

A Letter from Powderly.

PHILADELPHIA, December 20.—General Master Workman Powderly addressed a letter to-day to the committee of the United Labor party declining to address their convention this evening at New York. He says he spoke as an individual voicing the sentiment of united labor and not at general master workman of the Knights of Labor. While he is general master workman he will never again occupy a place either as speaker or officer on a political platform. He advised the committee not to take any action as to party.

McQuade Sentenced.

NEW YORK, December 20.—The last act in the McQuade drama seemed to have more interest for the public than the scenes of the trial. This morning Chambers street and the approaches to the brown stone court house of the general sessions were thronged with hundreds of people. After the reading of several affidavits the recorder refused to grant prisoner a new trial, and McQuade was arraigned for sentence. After briefly reviewing the case, Recorder Smythe sentenced the defendant, ex-Alderman Arthur J. McQuade, to undergo seven years imprisonment and pay a fine of $5,000.

NEW YORK, December 20.—McQuade's counsel late this afternoon served District Attorney Martine with a notice of appeal in his case, to be taken to the general term of the supreme court which meets next month. This will have no effect to prevent the prisoner from being sent to Sing Sing.

NEW YORK, December 20.—Counsel for Jacob Sharp to-day served District Attorney Martine with a notice of a motion to be made for a change of venue in the case of the alleged arch-briber. The notice was accompanied by affidavits made by Sharp in which he avers that there is so strong a prejudice against him in this city that it would be impossible for him to obtain a fair and impartial trial here, hence his desire that the trial be held in another county. Argument on the motion is set down for January 24, or upon an earlier day if the district attorney wishes.

Refused the Petition.

NORRISTOWN Pa., December 20.—Judge Bower this afternoon refused to grant a petition for the appointment of a commission in lunacy to examine into the mental condition John M. Wilson, under sentence to be hanged January 25th for the murder of Anthony Daley. The Judge stated that the court had no jurisdiction in the matter; that the petition should have been presented to the Governor who alone has the power to stay an execution.

A Rule Granted.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 20.—Counsel for the late Col. James Worrell asked the court to-day to grant a rule to compel the South Pennsylvania railroad officers to produce certain books and papers in the case of Worrell vs. the South Pennsylvania. The rule was granted and made returnable on the 7th of Jan. Worrell sold to the Vanderbilt syndicate the franchises of the old South Pennsylvania railroad company, and the suit grows out of a repudiation of contract.

Colored People in South Carolina.

NEW YORK, Dec 21.—A Charleston, S C, special to the *World* says: The bill now before the legislature to prevent the organization of colored laborers in the agricultural sections into Knights of Labor is causing a great commotion among the leaders of the state. Rev. J. Woffered White, one of the most intelligent colored preachers in the state, has issued an address in which he says that this bill has for its aim the grinding down and driving to the wall of the negro laborer.

In closing his address, Mr. White says: "From the standpoint of equity, considering the circumstances surrounding all laborers, the negro is the most excusable in forming organizations of a legal kind to better his condition. Do the white people imagine that by threats they can keep away from the negroes agents or organizers, and in this way, by force, keep them in this state or prevent them being organized for mutual protection? If so, they reckon without their host.

"The great drawback to the negroes lies in the fact of their being too easily satisfied. The Shylocks of this state today are the farmers, who want the crops made and gathered without paying a reasonable price for labor. They can reduce wages to the lowest points, and if they are asked for justice it is refused, and when the negroes organize for mutual protection this is to be pronounced illegal, and who dares resist is to be incarcerated in prison. South Carolina, your glorious flag trails in the dust. If the white people desire a contented population of laborers let them give the negroes fair treatment. They will have no desire to go away. No allurement can charm them away.

No Sympathy for Anarchists.

CHICAGO, December 21.—An important secret circular has been received by district assemblies 24 and 57, Knights of Labor, of this city, from Master Workman Powderly concerning the factional quarrels which have existed in the organization for some time. The circular touches upon several matters but the most important are political questions and the action of the Knights of Labor in reference to the condemned anarchists. When the order is promulgated it is claimed the conservative element of the organization will be pleased with Powderly's commands, while they will greatly displease the radical wing.

Powderly has ordered the master workmen of district assemblies 24 and 57 not to allow any money to be collected for the condemned anarchists and instructs that if any funds have been collected that such monies be returned to the assemblies and to the persons who contributed it. The general master workman's action, it is contended, settles the question of the relation of the Knights of Labor and the anarchists. It also explains why in a joint meeting of these district assemblies on last Sunday the "sympathy" matter was not brought up when the meeting was called for that purpose.

Galveston Devastated.

GALVESTON, December 21.—A disastrous fire broke out at 3 o'clock this morning in the residence portion of the city on avenue K. between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets. This section of the city is almost exclusively of wooden buildings. The fire spread with great rapidity, owing to the water in the cisterns in the vicinity being exhausted. Before the flames were controlled they had swept over the greater portion of the two squares from Avenue L to Broadway, bounded by Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets. Twenty-eight dwellings and two grocery stores were burned. Much household furniture was saved, except in a few houses. The total loss is estimated at $80,000 to $100,000. The insurance is about $50,000.

South Penn.

PHILADELPHIA, December 21.—The Inquirer will say to-morrow that at the South Penn meeting in New York to day it was decided to go ahead and build the road and that operations will be begun at once, so that the road will probably be finished in a year. A denial is given to the story that Gowen has offered to buy out the road in behalf of Robert Garrett, and the Inquirer adds that it is understood that the stockholders debated the proposition to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio's Pittsburgh branch and so obtain an entrance to that city over the Baltimore and Ohio.

Judge Lynch.

EATON, O., December 21.—William Mussel, the murderer of Daniel Christian was brought here to-day. A crowd of five hundred men attempted to take him from the officers with the intention of lynching him, but were driven off.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.—News comes from Easton, O., to-night that the citizens gathered in a body about the court house to-night and assailing the jail, broke into it and took out Wm. Musser and at 8:15 had his dead body dangling from a pole in front of the court house.

A Mysterious Murder.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—A mysterious murder occurred last night at the farm residence of H Buttonschon, three miles from here. Buttonschon, his wife and four small children, were sitting at the supper table, when an unknown assassin fired a shot gun from the outside through the window. Three buckshot lodged in Buttonschon's head killing him instantly. The assassin then ran around the house and broke in the door. He was met by Mrs Buttonschon, with whom he struggled for several minutes with the evident intention of killing her. He finally broke away from the grasp of the plucky woman and ran away. No motive is known for the murder.

Briefs.

WILKESBARRE, December 19.—Wilkesbarre will have fully as strong if not a stronger base ball club next year than last year. The following players have signed for the new season: O'Donnell, Riley, McKee, Fitzsimmons, Kelly, Hoover and Sweitzer. The latter is of last year's Altoona club. The others are old Wilkesbarre players. A strong battery, catcher, first and second baseemen are wanted.

FREEPORT, Ill., December 19.—A freight train that left Forreston, Ill., on the Illinois Central road Friday collided with an extra freight that left this city with a double-header. Three engines and twenty one cars were demolished. The cars were loaded with coal and grain. It is estimated that the damage is $30,000.

ST. LOUIS, December 21.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says: News is received from Vilvonia, an inland town of Faulkner county, this state, to the effect that at about 3 o'clock yesterday morning every business house in the town was simultaneously set on fire and burned to the ground, including the barns, cribs and outhouses of Messrs. George and Thomas Harris, residing about a half mile from Vilvonia. Nothing at all was saved, and the Harris Brothers lost great quantities of corn, fodder, cotton, seed, etc., they being considered the wealthiest farmers in the county. The total loss is about $150,000. No one has yet been arrested, but suspicion points to one or two well-known characters.

PHILADELPHIA, December 21.—The five-story building, 711 Market street, owned by John M. Maris and occupied by John M. Maris & Co., dealers in druggist's supplies, and Kneedler, Patterson & Co., drug goods, together with contents, was entirely destroyed by a fire which was caused by a defective heater in the basement this evening. The loss on the building is estimated at $45,000. Maris & Co's loss is $70,000 on stock and Kneedler, Patterson & Co. estimated their loss at $75,000, all of which is covered by insurance placed principally in local companies.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Educational.

FOR THE TEACHERS WHO WILL ATTEND INSTITUTE NEXT WEEK.

The officers of Institute, to begin next Monday afternoon, were elected during last year's session and are as follows:

President—(ex-officio) D. M. Wolfe.

Vice Presidents—Kate McCormick and A. M. Butler.

Secretary—D. M. Lieb.

Assistant Secretary—Sallie A. Meek.

Committee on Permanent Certificates—G. W. Williams, F. F. Jamison, W. A. Krise, J. M. Furey, Mrs. Rose J. De Woodie.

The instructors will be Prof. Balliet, Prof. F. W. Irish, Dr. Hargreaves, Prof. Shaub and Prof. Neff.

The first on the list is city superintendent of the Reading schools. He was at one time Principal of the Bellefonte public schools. He spent two years with Col. Parker, who is famous for his connection with the Quincy method of education. Prof. Balliet was also associated with the Saratoga popular course of lectures.

Prof. F. W. Irish has recently become connected with the Central State Normal School in Lock Haven. Dr. Hargreaves' specialty is "Physiology and Hygiene."

The evening lecture on Monday will be given by Mr. Balliet and will be on the subject, "Education out of School."

That grand lecture on the Bible will be the feature of Tuesday evening. To this lecture, which will be free, we cordially invite all the teachers and all the public to be present.

Prof. Burbank's entertainment will be the only one to which an admission fee will be charged. The great ability of this reciter and elocutionist will attract a fine audience.

Prof. Wolfe expects to be present and has engaged his room at the hotel.

One of the most interesting days of the institute sessions will be Thursday, which will be known as directors' day. Four topics have been assigned for that occasion, which the directors will discuss. Prof. Shaub and Dr. Hargreaves will also speak to the directors.

Christmas Scenes.

The stores are filled with buyers. With what interest do people inspect the beautiful goods displayed to view. How ardently they long to purchase. But in too many instances the purse strings are too short to permit great investments.

Having purchased what is desired, the next question is how to get it home. It is especially difficult to manage this operation if the present happens to be for the children. Little eyes are so sharp that they see everything. Having gotten it into the house, it is not easy to keep it until Christmas day. It must be locked tight in a bureau drawer or closet, or a room must be set apart for this purpose, which it is understood none of the children may enter.

Many of the presents must be brought into the house at night when childish eyes are fast asleep and their owners are dreaming of the approaching festival. Hence we see parents, aunts or uncles walking hurriedly along the street at night with toys in their arms. The spirit of giving should not be merely to exchange gifts, but it should be to give to those who need our gifts, or to whom gifts will afford pleasure, without expecting a return.

In several of the houses of the town handsome Christmas trees are now being put up, trimmed, laden with gifts and made objects of beauty and interest.

Our Opinion on an Important (?) Subject.

A correspondent addresses the DAILY NEWS as follows:

A certain young groceryman of this town tried to mend a lamp with buckwheat. Give us your opinion.

Perhaps our correspondent thought that he was propounding a "poser" to us; in that he was mistaken, as the DAILY NEWS can give opinions even upon such a difficult and novel subject as is involved in the above. It is a timely subject as buckwheat is now much in vogue, and lamps are particularly necessary just at this time and are often broken. Our correspondent evidently believes that the buckwheat lamp mender made a great mistake. However, his action impresses us as eminently proper. Hence, we will not *lamp*-oon him.

Here is the philosophy of it. Buckwheat, in its natural state, is perhaps deficient in the adhesive qualities necessary to mend anything, but if the aforesaid groceryman will send us a sack of it he will mend the Golden Rule, which he broke some time ago. Convert the meal into an average boarding house buckwheat cake and it will be found tough enough to mend anything. If its sticking qualities then be found insufficient add a quantity of molasses, which of course always accompanies buckwheat cakes. Thus, it may be that the groceryman has unwittingly hit upon a valuable discovery. But he was evidently out late the night before and we advise him to "mend his ways," with something else than buckwheat.

Loebs' Great Dry Goods Sale.

S. & A. Loeb are not only the oldest merchants in Bellefonte, (in the length of time they have been continuously engaged in business here) but are the most enterprising in Centre county. It would do any one a world of good to enter their handsome store at this time. Their storeroom is large and elegant and their stock of goods is immense. They are disposing of it at very low prices, many of their prices being announced in the grand display advertisement in this paper. Read the advertisement. It will doubtless surprise you to learn how cheap their choice goods are sold. Their stock includes the very latest and best in the market. Their reliability has been tested for many years and has not been found wanting. The moral of this is: "When you visit town go to S. & A. Loeb's store."

—We are told that a new settlement—a village—yes, perhaps, in the future, a town—is being planned, to be located on the plateau along the hillside, above the pike, near the works of the Valentine Ore Land Association. A path leads up past the ironworkers' church building, thence to the little school house and then to three hundred acres of comparatively level land. Here a town is being surveyed and planned, with streets regularly laid out and all the requirements of a convenient settlement. Where picnic parties formerly eat ice cream and sandwiches will soon be the site of a town. Dwelling houses will be erected there in sufficient numbers to accommodate the laborers. The location is picturesque and healthful and we presume a supply of good water can be obtained.

Temperance Work at Milesburg.

MILESBURG, December 22.

A grand time at the Gospel Temperance meeting last night, 63 signing the pledge, making 251 in all. The Mill Hall brothers were up and ready to testify how glad they were that they had turned from evil and were determined, with God's help, to go forward to the end.

A number of the ladies of the Bellefonte W. C. T. U. encouraged us with their presence. To-night ends the work as far as Mr. Rankin is concerned, unless we can make arrangements to have him come after the holidays. Let us pray for success to-night.

*

We will add that the meetings are being held in the Methodist church in Milesburg, beginning last Sunday night. On Sunday night, 101 signed the pledge, 87 Monday night and 63 Tuesday night. This indicates that Mr. Rankin is meeting with remarkable success.

—Greening the churches for Christmas. That is what many persons are doing just now. The members of the Episcopal church were engaged at this delightful labor on Monday and Tuesday evenings, during which time they expected to complete the work in handsome style.

Electric Railroad.

From the Scranton Republican.

The electric cars commenced making regular trips through to Green Ridge on Monday and made schedule time with the exception of one trip which had to be discontinued on account of time lost partly at Johnson's switch while waiting for a train to pass and partly by the heating of one of the journals of the generator, which necessitated a stoppage for a few moments, while only twenty-five minute trips are made now. It is solely as a precautionary measure. The cars can just as well make twenty minute trips as not so far as running time is concerned, for the trip from Green Ridge through has been made in eight minutes, but the company thinks it unwise to run oftener at present. Meanwhile they are abundantly satisfied that it is no longer an experiment but will prove in time a remarkable success both transitically and financially. The route is two and a third miles long and as the schedule is now made each car makes over eighty miles a day. A good run, and requiring fast time.

The Gibson street travel has surprised every one. The cars run crowded, especially in the morning, at night and at noon. The car has averaged over $30 dollars a day in receipts since the road was started, last Saturday the receipts for one car being over $42.

The cars attract a wonderful amount of attention all over the east. They are the only thing of the kind in the eastern states, for the line at Baltimore is run on a different plan. The Philadelphia street car people have had an agent here for the past week examining into the merits of the system, and others will be here during the coming week from New York and other points to investigate the working of the new motor. It is deemed certain that the success of this line will lead to its adoption in neighboring cities at no distant day. Wilkesbarre is desirous of having such a road, and Carbondale thinks an incandescently electrically lighted Pullman car would look well flying along the refrigerated surface of Main street in the summer time.

Reading the President.

Professional Mind Reader—Now fix your mind on some one who is dear to you and I will pronounce the name.

President Cleveland—All right. What is it?

Mind Reader—Frances.

President C.—Yes, er-that's all right, but I was thinking of George William Curtis.

ACCORDING to Canadian authorities it will cost about four millions of dollars to survey and establish the boundary line between Alaska and British North America, one half to be paid by the United States and the other half by Canada. That the line should be established without delay to avoid continued disputes is apparent. But it seems that the cost is put at high figure. The work would have to be done by a joint commission and a rough and rigorous region would have to be traversed. Large lumber interests will soon be involved in the boundary line disputes, which may lead to serious trouble and litigation if the line is not officially laid down at an early date.

SPECIAL MENTION.

Men and Women in Life's Prime

Who rise unrefreshed, feel languid through the day, have little appetite, and whose faces exhibit a sallow tint, are on the short route to the grave. Unless they can effect a radical change in their condition they will not reach old age. Invigoration is the only means of their physical salvation. Upon Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they can rely to furnish them with the stamina, which is a prerequisite of health, and to remove that prime cause of continued debility, indigestion and non assimilation of the food. We class these causes as one, since they are joint functions of one organ, the stomach, chiefly. Built up and rehabilitated with this superb restorative of vigor, the system may bid defiance to malaria, rheumatism, bladder and kidney diseases, and other maladies prone to attack the enfeebled. The Bitters not only affords a safe guard against disease of a virulent type, but effects a prompt reform in the condition of a drowsy or disordered liver and irregular bowels.

—James Schofield, the Spring street harness maker, has a splendid supply of buffalo robes, whips, saddles, etc. All persons needing anything in his line should inspect his stock. All work is done by him in a skillful manner.

For Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Inflammation of the Bowels and Colic.

Take internally from five to ten drops of Darbys Prophylactic Fluid in a teaspoonful of water every hour or two till improvement takes place. There is no danger in taking more of it and more frequently if occasion requires. In chronic cases, or when the stomach refuses to retain anything else, use injections of the Fluid and water. We have never known a case that did not readily yield to such treatment, and it saved the lives of many.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. WALTER W. BAYARD.

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 39 3m

It is very mortifying for a young man to ask for a girl's hand and receive her father's boot.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, and in this way positively cures catarrh.

Fall and Winter season of 1886-87. Full line of Woolens of every *description style and color*. Leave your order now.
MONTGOMERY & Co.,
Tailors.

Some of the newest bonnets are high enough to look as if borrowed from the drum major.

Convenient pleasant, and certain in their results, are Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Recommended by physicians and endorsed by all who have used them. The best remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, and Constipation. Guaranteed, and sold at 25c. by WALTER W. BAYARD.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, December 22, 1886.

Red Wheat, new, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat new	75
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 25
do choice	4 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 60
Flour, wholesale	4 00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10.00–$12 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 55

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	25
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	25
New Potatoes, per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½
Lemons per doz	30
Dried sweet corn per pound	10
Apple butter, per gal	50
Rolled flour, per sack	1 25
Tomatoes, per bus	40
Apples "	60

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER, Co 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Benjamin Buck, of Half Moon township, deceased. Letters of administration upon the above estate having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay, to D. MILES BUCK.
Dec. 17, 1886. Loveville, Centre Co., Pa.
18 51 6t

STRAYED.—Came to the premises of Samuel and Isaac Gray, in Huston twp., some time in August last, two heifers, rising in three years old, one entirely red and the other red and white spotted, fork cut out of end of each ear and also a piece cut out under part of ear. These cattle have been at the premises of Isaac Gray, in Patton twp., since the 1st of November, last. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be disposed of according to law. ISAAC GRAY.
Debember 1, 1886. 18 48 3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre County, in the matter of the estate of Joseph Swinehart, late of Harris township, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the executor, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bellefonte, on Friday, the 14th day of January, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties in interest please take notice.
18 51 3t JOHN KLINE, Auditor.

RED LETTER SALE

GREAT MARK DOWN! TO COMMENCE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11TH, 1886.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN!

We Can Give Only a Partial List of Prices this Week.

Men's Over Coats Reduced from	$20 00 to 15 80
do do do	18 00 to 14 70
do do do	17 50 to 14 00
do do do	16 00 to 12 90
do do do	15 00 to 12 00
do do do	12 00 to 9 00
do do do	11 00 to 8 50
do do do	10 50 to 8 40
do do do	7 50 to 5 65
do do do	5 50 to 4 25
do do do	3 50 to 2 00
Boy's and Children's Over Coats Reduced from	7 00 to 5 00
do do do	6 00 to 4 30
do do do	5 00 to 3 80
do do do	4 50 to 3 30
do do do	3 50 to 2 40
do do do	2 50 to 1 80

Men's Suits, (Black Cork Screw and Diagonal),

Reduced from	$20 00 to 17 00
do do do do	18 00 to 15 25
do do do do	16 50 to 14 00
do do do do	15 00 to 12 40
do do do do	14 00 to 11 20
do do do do	12 00 to 9 50
do do do do	10 00 to 8 00
Fancy Cassimere Suits, Reduced from	$16 00 to 12 60
do do do	15 00 to 11 80
do do do	14 00 to 10 90
do do do	10 00 to 7 75
do do do	7 50 to 5 25
do do do	5 00 to 3 75

A lot of Fancy Cassimere Suits, of which there are only one or two lett, marked down to half-value.

Boys' and Children's Suits Reduced from $14 00 to 11 00
do do do 12 00 to 9 40
do do do 10 00 to 7 75
do do do 8 00 to 6 00
do do do 6 00 to 4 00
do do do 5 00 to 3 65
Men's and Youths' Pants Reduced from $6 00 to 4 90
do do do 5 00 to 3 75
do do do 4 00 to 3 00
do do do 3 00 to 2 25
do do do 2 50 to 2 00
do do do 2 00 to 1 60
do do do 1 50 to 1 00
do do do 1 25 to 90
do do do 1 00 to 75

MEN'S AND BOYS' UNDERWEAR REDUCED IN PRICE.

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO GIVE THE REDUCED PRICE OF EACH AND EVERY ARTICLE OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS OF OUR IMMENSE STOCK EVEN IN THE FULL PAGE OF A NEWSPAPER. WE CORDIALLY INVITE THE PUBLIC TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND PRICES.

All Wool Black Cassimere, extra quality, from	$1 15 to 97
do do do do	90 to 80
do do do do	75 to 65
do do do do	50 to 35
Fancy Dress Goods (all wool) from	65 to 53
do do do	50 to 40
do do do	33 to 24
do do do	25 to 19
do do do	20 to 14
A Lot of Dress Goods Reduced from	10, 9 & 8c. to 5c
Fine Bleached Table Linen from	$1 50 to 1 20
do do do	1 25 to 96
do do do	90 to 75
do do do	75 to 63
Unbleached Table Linen from	$ 75 to 62
do do do	45 to 38
do do do	37 to 32
do do do	25 to 20
Napkins Reduced from	$3 00 per doz. to 2 40
do do	2 00 " to 1 60
do do	1 50 " to 1 20
do do	1 25 " to 1 00
do do	1 00 " to 75

Napkins Reduced from	75 per doz. to 60
do do	65 " to 52
Fine Towels Reduced from	75 to 60
do do	60 to 49
do do	45 to 38
do do	35 to 25
do do	25 to 18
do do	20 to 16
do do	15 to 13
do do	12 to 10
All Wool Double Blanket Shawls reduced from	$8 00 to 6 00
do do do	6 50 to 5 00
do do do	5 00 to 3 90
do do do	3 50 to 2 40
A Strictly Pure All Wool White Factory Blanket, size, 12-4.	$8 00 to 6 60
do do do size, 11-4.	7 00 to 5 35
do do do size, 10-4.	5 50 to 4 60
All Wool City White Blankets, size, 10-4.	4 50 to 3 56
Extra Super All Wool Carpet	$ 75 to 65
Super do do	70 to 60
Super do do	60 to 50
Worsted do do	52 to 43

Ingrain, double chain, Carpet	40 to 34
do do do	35 to 30
do single chain, do	25 to 22
Body Brussels do	1 25 to 1 10
do do	1 12 to 98
Tapestry do	1 00 to 85
do do	90 to 78
do do	75 to 65
do do	68 to 60

Rags, Cottage and Hemp Carpets reduced. A like reduction in the price of Oil Cloths and Window Shades.

Men's Fine Shoes reduced from	$3 75 to 3 00
do do do	3 00 to 2 40
do do do	2 00 to 1 65
do do do	1 50 to 1 25
do do do	1 25 to 1 10
Ladies' Fine Kid, Morocco & Pebble Goat Shoes	$4 00 to 3 25
do do do	3 00 to 2 40
do do do	2 50 to 1 95
do do do	2 00 to 1 60
do do do	1 52 to 1 25
do do do	1 25 to 1 00

Misses' and Children's Shoes reduced in Like Proportion.

ALL OUR GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

A Full Assortment for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children. You will be astonished at the prices.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRESS GOODS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA, MARKED DOWN TO SUCH PRICES THAT ARE BOUND TO SELL THEM.

FLANNELS, PRINTS, MUSLINS, REDUCED IN PRICE. Our Large Stock of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Garments, consisting of New Markets, Wraps and Jackets, reduced at least 25 per cent. in price. Our entire line of NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, FANCY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS REDUCED IN PRICE.

Now is your time to come and buy your goods, as these prices are bound to make them go. Our object in giving you these low prices is for the purpose of reducing our immense stock. The sale is for a limited time only.

THIS IS A RED LETTER SALE. THE PRICE OF EACH AND EVERY ARTICLE IS MARKED IN PLAIN RED FIGURES, FROM WHICH THERE IS NO DEVIATION.

S. & A. LOEB,

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

S. & A. LOEB'S

BIG STORE

Do not Forget—

That every promise is a debt.

That peculation leads to speculation.

That he who is well paid is well satisfied.

That to believe in the heroic makes heroes.

That there is no worse joke than a true one.

That it is easier to give advice than to follow it.

That a man must either be an anvil or a hammer.

That it is better to be innocent than to be penitent.

That every fool is wise when he holds his tongue.

That good fortune is hard to be borne unselfishly.

That there is no resurrection for a dead opportunity.

That it is much easier to be critical than to be correct.

That it is the second word that makes the quarrel.

That a little of everything really amounts to nothing.

That there would be no shadow if there was no sunshine.

That the good paymaster is the lord of another man's purse.

That nothing more can come out of a bag than what is in it.

That to-morrow has no overflow to make good lost yesterdays.

That the only way to learn the value of a dollar is to earn one.

That to make the cart go easily you must first grease the wheels.

It is not the clock with the loudest tick that keeps the best time.

Valuable as is the gift of speech silence is often still more valuable.

That the mules and jackasses are not as apt to kick at saints as at sinners.

All in Latitude.

This is a wonderful country. Florida is sending fresh cucumbers into market; in Minnesota the thermometer runs down to thirty-eight below zero; in Calfornia grapes are being gathered, and Maine is shivering under several inches of snow. Besides all this on one day last week the citizens of Bismarck, Dakota, were obliged to turn out *en masse* to shovel the town out from under the immense snow drifts which had overwhelmed it, while in Missouri three men were struck by lightning while at work plowing a field; in South Carolina people are rocked by earthquakes; the Democratic majority in Texas reaches 113,220 and the Republican majority in our own state 81,000.

His Wealth Found.

Henry James Paine, a miser, died a year ago in an attic in New York city. The miser was supposed to be wealthy, but no one knew where he kept his money. Charles B. Chickering, the piano manufacturer, has recently revealed the mystery. It seems that several years ago the miser gave to Mr. Chickering a bundle, on the outside of which was a green handkerchief, and requested Mr Chickering to lock the bundle in his private safe. Mr Chickering was well acquainted with the miser, who was an intelligent, well read man and a fine conversationalist, and readily agreed to take charge of the bundle, without giving a thought to its contents After Mr. Paine's death the bundle was examined and Mr. Chickering was surprised to find that it contained $400,000. Certainly, many good lessons may be drawn from this incident.

How absurd to hoard money when the possessor of it himself suffers poverty. And again how implicitly did the miser trust to Mr. Chickering's honesty, and the trust was not violated.

Medical.

Salt Rheum

The agonies of those who suffer from severe salt rheum are indescribable. The cleansing, healing, purifying influences of Hood's Sarsaparilla are unequalled by any other medicine.

"I take pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it has done wonders for me. I had salt rheum very severely, affecting me over nearly my entire body. Only those who have suffered from this disease in its worst form can imagine the extent of my affliction. I tried many medicines, but failed to receive benefit until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then the disease began to subside, the

Agonizing Itch and Pain

disappeared, and now I am entirely free from the disease. My blood seems to be thoroughly purified, and my general health is greatly benefited." LYMAN ALLEN, Sexton N. E. Church, North Chicago, Ill.

"My son had salt rheum on his hands and the calves of his legs, so bad that they would crack open and bleed. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. STANTON, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

From 108 to 135

"I was seriously troubled with salt rheum for three years, and receiving no benefit from medical treatment I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now entirely cured of salt rheum; my weight has increased from 108 lbs. to 135." MRS. ALICE SMITH, Stamford, Conn.

If you suffer from salt rheum, or any blood disease, try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has cured many others, and will cure you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeny, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The *Golden Argosy*, published by Frank A. Munsey, at 81 Warren Street, New York, has just been enlarged to a sixteen page journal. It claims, and we think justly, to be the most fully and most beautifully illustrated paper of its class in the world. Eight pages are largely devoted to illustrations, and these pictures cover a variety and range of subjects that appeal to all tastes. The *Argosy* is finely printed on a handsome cream-tinted paper, and its contributors include the best known names of literature for boys and girls.

The tone of its contents is healthy and pure, and it aims to set a high ideal before the youth of the country.

The *Golden Argosy* enters its fifth year with a circulation of one hundred thousand copies weekly, and it therefore takes the place in point of circulation among the half dozen leading publications of this country, while in the matter of merit it excels them all. We have seen no other journal that gives so much for the money. The *Golden Argosy* is for sale by all newsdealers.

Scribner's Magazine

JANUARY NUMBER, NO. 1, VOL. 1

Now Ready.

CONTENTS.

GAMBETTA PROCLAIMING THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE, *Frontispiece*. Drawn by Howard Pyle. Engraved by Frank French.

REMINISCENCES OF THE SIEGE AND COMMUNE OF PARIS. First paper—The Downfall of the Empire. By E. B. Washburne, ex-Minister to France. With illustrations from portraits and documents in Mr. Washburne's possession, and from drawings by Thulstrup, Meeker, Reich and others.

SETH'S BROTHER'S WIFE.—Chapters I.—V. Harold Frederic.

THE STORY OF A NEW YORK HOUSE.—I.—H. C. Bunner. Illustrated by A. B. Frost, F. Hopkinson Smith, and G. W. Edwards.

SONNETS IN SHADOW. Arlo Bates.

OUR DEFENCELESS COASTS. F. V. Greene, Captain U. S. Engineers. With maps, sketches and diagrams.

IN MEXICO. A Story. Thomas A. Janvier.

THE BABYLONIAN SEALS. William Hayes Ward. With illustrations from seals in the author's collection, and after De Clercq, Pinches, and others.

GLIMPSES AT THE DIARIES OF GOUVERNEUR MORRIS. Social Life and Character in the Paris of the Revolution. First Paper. Annie Cary Morris. With portrait engraved by G. Kruell, from the painting at Old Morrisania.

SOCIALISM. Francis A. Walker.

THE NEW YEAR. Maybury Fleming.

A VIOLIN OBLIGATO. A Story. Margaret Crosby.

$3.00 a Year. 25 Cents a Number.

Remittances should be made by check or money order.

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, Publishers,

743 & 745 Broadway, New York

ST. NICHOLAS

for 1886-87.

Stories by Louisa M. Alcott and Frank R. Stockton—several by each author.

A SHORT SERIAL STORY by MRS. BURNETT, whose charming "Little Lord Fauntleroy" has been a great feature in the past year of ST. NICHOLAS.

WAR STORIES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. Gen Badeau, chief-of-staff biographer, and confidential friend of General Grant, and one of the ablest and most popular of living military writers, will contribute a number of papers describing in clear and vivid style some of the leading battles of the civil war. They will be panoramic descriptions of single contests or short campaigns, presenting a sort of literary picture-gallery of the grand and heroic contests in which the parents of many a boy and girl of to-day took part.

THE SERIAL STORIES include "Juan and Juanita," an admirably written story of Mexican life, by Frances Courtney Baylor, author of "On both Sides;" also, "Jenny's Boarding-House," by James Otis, a story of life in a great city.

Short Articles, instructive and entertaining, will abound. Among these are: "How a Great Panorama is Made," by Theodore R. Davis, with profuse illustrations; "Winning a Commission" (Naval Academy), and "Recollections of the Naval Academy;" "Boring for Oil" and "Among the Gaswells," with a number of striking pictures; "Child-Sketches from George Eliot," by Julia Magruder; Victor Hugo's Tales to his Grandchildren," recounted by Brander Matthews; "Historic Girls," by E. S. Brooks. Also interesting contributions from Nora Perry, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Joaquin Miller, H. H. Boyesen, Washington Gladden, Alice Wellington Rollins, J. T. Trowbridge, Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, Noah Brooks, Grace Denio Litchfield, Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Mrs. S. M. B. Piatt, Mary Mapes Dodge, and many others, etc., etc.

The subscription price of ST. NICHOLAS *is $3.00 a year; 25 cents a number. Subscriptions are received by booksellers and newsdealers everywhere, or by the publishers. New volume begins with the November number. Send for our beautifully illustrated catalogue (free) containing full prospectus etc. etc.*

THE CENTURY CO., New York.

FOR SALE—

Farm containing 233 acres, 150 cleared and under cultivation.

This property is pleasantly situated at STOVESTOWN, in HALFMOON VALLEY, and partly surrounds the Town, thus giving the owner the many advantages of the nearness to Stores, Post-Office, Church, School and Society of the town. There is, on this farm, a good Bank Barn, an Orchard and a constant Stream of spring water through it, passing through barn yard.

Price low and terms easy to an energetic man with a little money. For information address,

H. A. McKEE,

18 49 3t Bellefonte, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE.—Estate of Nancy Hurst, dec'd, in partition. By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned will expose to public sale at Stuart's Store, in Boalsburg, on Saturday, January 8th, A. D. 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., all those certain messuages, tenements, lots and parcels of land situated in the township of Harris, county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: NO. 1.—By lands of John Irvin on the South, Ezra Brisbin on the West, John Keller on the North, Samuel Wilson on the East, beginning at a post, a corner of lands of John Irvin and Samuel Wilson; thence two and one-half degrees West 43 perches to sugar tree; thence South sixty-five degrees West, 46 perches to a post; thence South fifteen degrees East 36 perches to a post; thence North three and one-half degrees East 37 perches to place of beginning; containing nine acres and 34 perches. No buildings. NO. 2—Being a lot of ground situate in Boalsburg in said county and State, bounded and described as follows: Containing four perches in breadth or front on the South side of Pitt street and extending southward ten perches to Chambers alley and known as Lot No. 9, in the general plan of said town. The improvements on Tract No. 2 are a two-story Frame Dwelling House, Stable and other out buildings.

Terms of Sale:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and the other one-half in one year to be secured by bond and mortgage, with interest, on the premises. Five per cent. of the first payment to be paid at the time premises are knocked down.

10 41 CLEMENT DALE, Trustee.

New Advertisements.

A REMARKABLE OFFER !!!

PHILADELPHIA PRESS FREE!!!

To anyone who will SUBSCRIBE for the

"Bellefonte Republican"

FOR ONE YEAR, sending us two dollars in advance, we will present them with the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY PRESS for ONE YEAR FREE.

THE "PRESS"

is one of THE BEST papers in the State, and this offer presents the

VERY BEST OPPORTUNITY

ever offered by any Centre county paper. An important campaign is coming on and it is our desire that the Republicans of this county shall have every opportunity to know all that is transpiring, and from the best sources. The PRESS will be

STAUNCHLY REPUBLICAN UNDER — ALL — CIRCUMSTANCES.

abiding by, and earnestly supporting the action of the Republican Convention (State and National). We have this assurance from the publishers.

To our OLD SUBSCRIBERS who will

PAY UP ALL ARREARAGES,

AND

ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE,

we will also send the two papers. But

All Arrearages must be Paid

UP TO THE VERY DAY THE TWO PAPERS ARE TO BE SENT.

All Republicans in Centre County should avail themselves of the advantages of this offer.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

Publisher of "REPUBLICAN."

[illegible]fonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The Boy Got there.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., December 15.—The schooner Emily J. White, from Sands river, N. S., to New York, with a cargo of piling, has been navigated into this port by a lad named Patterson, who was the only person aboard of her. The vessel sailed from Sands river with three persons on board Captain Patterson, Mate Atkinson and the boy. It was intended to put into another port on the Nova Scotia coast to complete the crew. Shortly after putting to sea the mate was knocked ove board by the main boom. Captain Patterson put of to his rescue, but was too late to save him. When he turned to row back the schooner had disappeared. After searching all night, Captain Patterson landed at Quaco.

The lad on the schooner stood at the wheel all day and all night, skillfully navigating her clear of numerous dangerous points, and finally made this harbor. He was once beaten off by heavy head winds, but when the breeze changed he again attempted to effect an entrance, and this time succeeded. Weary with his ceaseless watch and labor, he ran the schooner on the flats and sought sleep in his berth. The vessel was found by the captain who had reached this city and dispatched a tug in search of the schooner.

They May Strike.

CHICAGO, December 16.—A strike of the conductors and drivers on the West Division Street Railway is threatened, and it is claimed that unless the company accedes to certain terms, it will probably be declared at a meeting of the men to be held next Saturday evening. The grievances of the men are principally in the fact that instead of increasing the number of cars to accommodate the holiday travel, no less than forty cars have been taken off, and the conductors and drivers of these cars have been distributed among the other cars, which are run more rapidly and with a shorter wait at the end of the route.

The conductors and drivers are paid by the hour and not by the trip, and the short wait at the end of the trip deprives them of all chance to warm themselves without giving any compensation in the way of an increase of pay. Their pay, on the contrary, is decreased as the large number of men distributed among the cars still running shortens up the time of the remainder with a corresponding reduction of pay and at least the same number of trips.

A Doomed District.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Dec. 17.—Between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning people living along West Coal street in the northwestern section of the borough were aroused by a cracking noise and swaying of houses, resembling a series of successive shocks of earthquakes. The sensation was preceded by a cave-in which took down fully four acres of that section of the town upon which stands upwards of 50 houses. The greatest alarm prevailed from 3 o'clock until after daylight, as the surface trembled and the houses swayed and tottered, and the frightened people, many of them with children in their arms, ran in search of places of safety, while men collected their property and conveyed it from the doomed district. The surface settled from 2 to 4 feet, and damaged property to the extent of from $50,000 to $75,000. The cave-in was caused by the robbing of the Kohinoor colliery, which is located under that portion of the town.

LATER.—Excitement at the scene of the cave-in at this place has continued all day. Thousands of people have visited the place to inspect the wrecked buildings and assist in the removal of household effects of a hundred or more families to places of safety. Many families, unable to find other houses, were compelled to leave their goods for the present in the wrecked buildings, but all have deserted them, seeking temporary shelter with friends and neighbors. The mine officials have examined the workings, and say that no further damage is likely to follow for the present, but the place is still settling, and as a measure of protection all fires in the houses were extinguished to-night.

A New Use for a Noted Building.

NEW YORK, December 15.—The Madison Square Garden has been sold to a syndicate of prominent citizens, headed by Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, for the purpose of building what is known as a Palais d' Industrie. The price paid was $1,000,000. The proposed structure will be very elegant and modeled on the institution of the same name in Paris. It will be a permanent exhibition of pictures statuary and all species of artistic furniture. These will, of course, be for sale. In addition there will be handsome dining-rooms and a first class restaurant. All articles for general use and ornamentation of the best manufacture and highest quality will be exhibited and sold. There will also be a concert hall and theatre for first class entertainments. A roof garden like that of the Casino is also contemplated.

Republican Senators in Caucus.

WASHINGTON, December 17.—A caucus of Republican Senators took place this afternoon. It was called ostensibly to fill vacancies in committee lists. Senator Dolph was selected to be Chairman of the Committee on Claims, and Senator Spooner for Chairman of the Committee on Coast Defenses. A half dozen other vacancies on committee memberships were also filed. The Inter-State Committee on Commerce was briefly criticized and the tariff was talked about at length, but no action was taken in reference to either. An Advisory Committee on the order of business was appointed and the caucus then adjourned.

Master Workman Powderly.

CHICAGO, December 17.—The various leaders of the trades and labor organizations of this city hold different opinions regarding the effect and probable outcome of the order from General Master Workman Powderly directing all assemblies of the Knights of Labor to withdraw their delegates to the Federations of trades.

Some are of the opinion that the leaders of the Federations of Trades are jealous of Master Workman Powderly because a union of the Knights and Trades' Assembly would cause them to yield their position.

Briefs.

READING, Pa., Dec. 15.—The grand jury this afternoon returned a true bill against Francis Kerner, who brutally choked his wife to death and then set his house on fire to hide the evidence of his crime. A true bill was also returned in the case against Frank Zeabel, who killed his brother Charles in cold blood on account of a young woman and then shot himself but recovered. The trial of both murderers will not take place until March.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 15.—A passenger train on the Chapel Hill branch of the North Carolina railroad went through a trestle last night. Six or eight people were seriously hurt, including Conductor Brown, Engineer May, Bridge Builder May and A Stedman, of Raleigh. Nobody was killed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15—Among the nominations sent to the senate to-day were as follows: Pennsylvania postmasters: James Sweeney, Chambersburg; Charles W. Gaub, Irwin; Alexander Graff, Kittaning; William M Breslin, Lebanon; Charles T. Cooper, Sewickley; James Brady, Washington; John H. Turnock, West Grove; Daniel W. Negley, Millersburg; A. Bowman Weaver, Clearfield; James C. Henderson, Media.

PITTSBURGH, December 15.—A passenger train on the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia railroad collided with a freight train at Rockwood yesterday. Several passengers were badly bruised, among them J. A. Green, of Brooklyn, N. Y. who was severely cut about the head and face and burned, being thrown against the stove. He lies in a critical condition.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 16.—At the suggestion of Judge McKennan, of the United States court, an arrangement was arrived at to-day in the case of the Central railroad company of New Jersey and the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company. By its terms the latter company agrees to keep the stock in the Jersey Central stores up to the point at which it at present stands by replenishing as fast as used, and also to continue paying daily $12,000 which it has for some time past been turning into the Central treasury under a previous order of court.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Dec. 16.—Forty laborers employed at the large tannery of Fayerweather and Beadow were discharged to-day for joining the Knights of Labor. Several hundred men are employed by the firm and a large number threaten to quit work if the discharged men are not reinstated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The senate has confirmed the nomination of Arthur L Thomas, of Pennsylvania, to be a member of the board of registration and election of Utah.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 16.—The *Labor Tribune* just issued to-day says: The popular vote for members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Workers on the proposition of General Master Workman Powderly to join the Knights of Labor so far as heard from up to Saturday last shows that 99 per cent. are opposed to affiliation.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—The house committee on military affairs to day completed the army appropriation bill and the measure will be reported to the house to-morrow. It makes the total appropriation $23,557,238. The appropriation for the current years was $23,795,000.

NEW YORK, December 16.—After the election of the various committees the American Base Ball association elected Van der Abe, vice president. Several changes were made in the constitution to agree with the amendments to the national agreement made by the arbitration committee and adopted on Wednesday by the association. Edward Cuthbert, of St. Louis; A Knight, of Boston; L. Bauer, of Columbus, and John McQuade, of Chicago, were appointed umpires.

MADRID, December 16.—The palace guard yesterday arrested a decently dressed man who was on the point of entering the queen's apartments. It is believed the prisoner is insane.

Pullman Cars Taxed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., December 17.—The Pullman Palace Car Company, through its attorney, appeared before Judge Brewer in the United States Circuit Court yesterday and applied for an injunction to restrain the Iowa State officers from collecting taxes levied on rolling stock in that State. The law of Iowa on the subject of railway taxation permits the State to impose a tax on all the property of railroad companies in sight. The fact that the Pullman sleepers in use are not the actual property of railroad companies using them cuts no figure in making up the levy, and the State has imposed its taxes on the railroad companies on all rolling stock used by them. While the Pullman Car Company does not appear on the tax list, and has not been regarded as a factor by the Iowa State authorities still it is held by the railway companies for the proportionate amount of the taxes which its stock is assessed for, and it now asks that the Court grant the order of restraint from collecting this portion of the taxes relating to its stock. This taxable property includes in all about $200,000.

The Grangers.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 16.—At to-day's session of the State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, resolutions commendatory to Governor Pattison's attitude toward the order during his administration and expressive of good wishes on his retirement from office, were presented by General Fisher, of Chester county, and unanimously adopted. The unwritten work of the order was exemplified at this morning's session. The report of the finance committee this afternoon showed a balance in the treasury of several thousand dollars. A resolution with reference to the Patrons' Relief Association was referred to the committee on the good of the order. A banquet was tendered to the Patrons at the United States hotel this evening.

The Congressional Waifs.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—The house to day passed with an amendment the Dawes bill for the allotment of land in severalty to Indians.

The senate again discussed the tenure of office bill without final action to day.

The sundry civil bill was taken up, discussed, further amended and reported to the house to-day, and the previous question ordered, after which the house adjourned.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desires it, this reciept, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block Rochester, N. Y.* 18 11 1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 15, 1886.

WESTWARD	Exp. A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 2
Flemington	9 05	3 24
Mill Hall	9 09	3 2
Beech Creek	9 2	3 38
Eagleville f	9 30	3 42
Howard	9 44	3 52
Mount Eagle f	9 54	3 8
Curtin	10 01	4 03
Milesburg	10 12	4 10
Bellefonte	10 3	4 22
Milesburg	10 4	4 32
Snow Shoe Int.	10 48	4 35
Unionville	10 58	4 43
Julian	11 09	4 53
Martha	11 19	5 1
Port Matilda	11 27	5 08
Hannah f	11 36	5 16
Fowler f	11 39	5 19
Dix f	11 42	5 22
Bald Eagle	11 48	5 28
Vail	11 56	5 31
Arrive at Tyrone	12 06	5 42
EASTWARD	P.M.	A M
Leave Tyrone	7 10	8 16
East Tyrone	7 17	8 17
Vail	7 20	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 25	8 25
Dix f	7 32	8 30
Fowler f	7 35	8 37
Hannah f	7 37	8 36
Port Matilda	7 45	8 43
Martha	7 53	8 51
Julian	8 02	8 59
Unionville	8 15	9 10
Snow Shoe Int.	8 22	9 18
Milesburg	8 26	9 22
Bellefonte	8 35	9 32
Milesburg	8 55	9 47
Curtin	8 58	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 03	10 06
Howard	9 11	10 16
Eagleville f	9 22	10 30
Beech Creek	9 26	10 35
Mill Ha	9 38	10 5
Flemington f	9 42	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 45	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 15, 1886.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:2 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.0 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 4.55 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 7:50 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 9:55 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R R. To take effect Nov. 15 1886.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.50	1 30	MONTANDON	6 30	9.10	.40
1.5	6.00	1 40	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5 20	9 00	4.30
1.5	6.05	1 45	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.00	4 30
5.4	6.15	1.58	Biehl f		8 51	4.21
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f		8 45	4.16
10.7	6.33	2 09	MIFFLINBURG		8.33	4.05
13 1	6.40	2.16	Barber f		8.26	4.01
1 .2	6.46	2 2	Swengle f		8.20	3.54
16.1	6.48	2 25	Millmont		8 18	3.52
18.6	6.56	2 35	LAURELTON		8.12	3.45
23 5	7.08	2.49	Yardley f		7.58	3.32
24 7	7.12	2.56	Weikert f		7.54	3.28
28 9	7.27	3.01	Cherry Run f		7.45	3.19
32 2	7.35	3.10	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.35	3.10
33 9	7.41	3.14	Fowler f		7.32	3.07
36 6	7.49	3.25	Coburn		7 23	2.57
39 6	7.56	3.34	Zerby f		7 15	2.47
43 4	8 10	3 44	Rising Springs		7 05	2.35
46.2	8 19	3.55	Penn's Cave f		6.58	2 29
49.2	8.27	4 02	CENTRE HALL		6 50	2 2
51.6	8.34	4 08	Gregg f		6.43	2.13
54.6	8 45	4.20	Linden Hall		6.36	2. 5
56.7	8 52	4 25	OAK HALL		6.30	2.00
58.3	8.56	4 30	LEMONT		6 25	1.56
60.2	9.03	4 36	Dale Summit f		6.20	1.50
63.9	9 14	4.49	Pleasant Gap f		6 09	1.40
65.2	9.19	4.56	Axeman f		6.04	1.34
67.4	9 25	5.00	BELLEFONTE		6.00	1 30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 15, 1886.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 05
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn'a Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 52
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 56
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 28
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 00
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 15 1886:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 25 p m
"	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
"	Williamsport	7 10 a m
"	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
"	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
"	Renovo	8 50 a m
"	arr at Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
"	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
	arr. at Williamsport	2 25 p m
	Lock Haven	3 15 p m
"	Renovo	4 15 p m
"	Kane	8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 22 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 14 a m
"	Harrisburg	2 40 p m
"	Williamsport	6 10 p m
	arr at Lock Haven	7 01 p m
"	Renovo	8 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 3 a m
"	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
"	W'm'sp't	10 35 a m
"	Lock Haven	11 35 a m
"	arr. at Renovo	12 30 p m
	EASTWARD.	
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 05 a m
"	Jer'y S're	7 35 a m
"	W'm'sp't	8 15 a m
"	arr. at Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
"	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
"	Renovo	10 20 a m
"	Lock Haven	11 10 a m
"	Williamsport	12 25 p m
"	arr at Harrisburg	3 25 p m
"	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
"	Renovo	11 00 p m
"	Lock Haven	11 58 p m
"	Williamsport	1 25 a m
	arr at Harrisburg	4 20 a m
"	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
RENOVO ACN leaves	Renovo	4 05 p m
"	arrives at Harrisb'g	9 30 p m
"	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. R. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; Corry with B. R. & P. R. R., at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.

The Sea Scourge,

or, four months on the Confederate Privateer Alabama. Being the thrilling experiences of one of her crew upon her memorable and destructive cruise around the world, vividly written and described in the New York Waverly and now for sale by all newsdealers. Ask for No. 29, or send to the Waverly Publishing Co., 81 Warren St., New York, for free sample copy. 1 27 daw1m

Briefs.

NEW YORK, December 17.—Recorder Smythe has deferred until Monday at 11 p. m. the passing of sentence on McQuade, the ex-Alderman convicted of bribery.

WASHINGTON, December 17.—The senate passed without debate the bill to redeem the trade dollar. A similar measure is pending in the House.

EMESBURY, Mass, Dec. 17.—John G. Whittier is celebrating his 79th birthday to day, at Oak Knoll.

An Enterprising Reliable House—

J. ZELLER & SON can always be relied upon, not only to carry a stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well known merit and are popular with the people thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the Throat, Lungs, and Chest and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

A HANDSOME CHRISTMAS PRESENT FREE OF CHARGE. Any one buying a $1.00 bottle of Hasson's Compound Syrup of Tar will receive a handsome Thermometer free of charge. You can obtain same from your Druggist. This is a well known remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and requires no recommendation. Keep it in the house. Sold by W. W. BAYARD and M. A. KIRK

The Grangers Increasing

HARRISBURG, Pa., December 15.—At to-day's session of Patrons of Husbandry, whose business is conducted with closed doors, the most interesting matter was the reception and consideration of the of Secretary Thomas. His report showed an increase of membership during the past year of 3,000, the organization of eighteen new granges and the revival of twenty-seven old ones, an increased revenue and general favorable condition of the order.

An Answer Wanted

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily becoming Electric Bitters will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c. per bottle at Boyer, Zeller & Co's drug store.

For Gen. Hancock's Widow.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16. The friends of the late Gen. Hancock have as a tribute to his memory raised a sum of money to purchase a home for his widow. The committee having the matter in charge have decided, after conversation with Mrs. Hancock, to purchase a house in this city, where, therefore, she will hereafter make her home.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON.

McQuade Found Guilty.

NEW YORK, December 15.—The jury in the case of ex-Alderman McQuade has brought in a verdict of guilty.

The jury was only out fifteen minutes when the verdict was given. McQuade, remained unmoved. His counsel declined to outline their future course.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, a new book by Dr. John H. Dye, one of New York's most skilful physicians shows that pain is not necessary in childbirth but results from causes easily understood and overcome. It clearly proves that any woman may become a mother without suffering any ill whatever. It tells how to prevent and prevents morning sickness, swelled limbs, and all other evils attending pregnancy. It is a reliable and highly endorsed by physicians everywhere as the wife's true private companion. For this only it will save you great danger and possibly your life. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circular, testimonials and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Maryland.

HEARTLESS CRUELTY

It is to delude a poor sufferer into the belief that some worthless liniment will cure rheumatism and neuralgia. Honesty is the best policy in the manufacture of proprietary articles as in all other matters, and the fact that the proprietors of Athlophoros have never claimed for it even all its merit would warrant has not a little to do with its wonderful popularity, and the thousands of grateful testimonials received by them show that their policy has been wise as well as right.

Experience has amply demonstrated that mere outward applications are worthless. The disease has its seat in the blood, and any remedy to be successful must deal with the obstructive acid which poisons and inflames it.

Athlophoros acts on the blood, muscles and joints directly. It takes the poison out of the blood and carries it out of the system; it invigorates the action of the muscles and limbers the stiffness of the joints. It reaches the liver and kidneys, cleansing them from irritating substances, and, if followed up after the rheumatic conditions cease, it will restore these organs to regularity and health.

West Chazy, N. Y., Aug. 19, 1886.

Yours of August 14th, is at hand, and in reply would say that Athlophoros proved the most effectual remedy for neuralgia in the case of my son that I ever tried. After using half a bottle he was not troubled any more for six months.

HENRY HARRIS.

Mt. Pleasant, Pa., Aug. 10, 1886.

I am thankful that I tried Athlophoros. I had rheumatism seven years, part of the time could not move; but to-day I am well and hearty. I write this hoping some other sufferer may try it.

W. S. FLEMING.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled. 9

Miscellaneous.

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c.

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE. PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Dr. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up." PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by P. POTTS GREEN, Opp. P. O. Bellefonte, Pa.

ROGERS' GRAPOLINE

Is a household name throughout the United States. It is administered as a specific, and with SUCCESS, in

DYSPEPSIA, Sick HEADACHE, Nervous Debility, Liver Complaint, Bilious Remittents, Bowel Complaints (especially CONSTIPATION), Gout, Gravel, RHEUMATISM, Nausea, the complaints peculiar to the maternal sex, and all types of inflammation.

So mild is it in its operation that it can be given with perfect safety to a feeble child; and so agreeable is it to the taste so refreshing to the taste that children never refuse to take it. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A. H. ROGERS & CO. Canoseo, N. Y.

Williamsport Commercial College.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

The largest, best equipped and most thorough institution in the State. Hundreds of graduates occupying good situations. A magnificent building of its own. Terms moderate. Address for terms etc., F. M. ALLEN, Pres't.

18 9 3m.

GUNMANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in all kinds of

Sporting Goods, Fine Pocket and Table Cutlery

The Largest and Finest Stock of Fire Arms in the City.

BROWN & HIRTH,

520 & 522 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

The only Gun Barrel Manufacturers West of the Mountains. Send for Catalogue. 18 43 3m

There is *more* CATARRH in this section of the country than *all other diseases* put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure now on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY, & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cts.

CONFESSIONS of an INVALID

Published as a Warning and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN and other who may be suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc. giving his own methods of cure, after much suffering, expense and experience and sent free on receipt of stamp for return postage.

Address N. THANIAL MAYFAIR. P. O. Box BROOKLYN N. Y. 18--43--3m

THE GREATEST AND THE BEST.

The Large Double Weekly, Religious and Secular.

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

(Established 1823.)

UNDENOMINATIONAL, EVANGELICAL, UNSECTARIAN, AND NATIONAL.

A Safe Paper for the Family.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER CAN BE TRUSTED.

It Stands by the Old and Tried Truths in Religion, Morals, Education, and in all Public and Private Matters.

It is Conservative of all Good Things. It steadily Opposes Evil and Sin in every form. The OBSERVER is the well-known enemy of

INTEMPERANCE, INFIDELITY, AND ROMANISM.

It is a paper that has opinions, and can defend them—which has a faith, and holds to it. The NEW YORK OBSERVER is a living and growing Power in this Land. It contains all the News of the World; the Best Thoughts of the Ablest Authors and Correspondents everywhere; Poetry, Book Reviews, Notes and Queries, Departments for Teachers, Students, Business Men, Farmers, Parents and Children.

EVERY CHRISTIAN SHOULD READ IT.
EVERY PARENT SHOULD READ IT.
EVERY CITIZEN SHOULD READ IT.

Price, $3.00 a-year, in Advance.

Clergymen, $2.00 a-year.

$1.00 commission allowed on New Subscribers. Send for Sample Copy, free. Address,

NEW YORK OBSERVER, NEW YORK.

SALESMEN WANTED!

Energetic, reliable men, to sell the choicest Fruit and ornamental Nursery Stock, on Salary with expenses paid, or on commission as preferred. Steady employment throughout the year. Business quickly learned. Send for terms.

GLEN BROTHERS, Nurserymen, 18 39 13t Rochester, N. Y.

For Sale or Rent.

HOUSES TO RENT at desirable rates. Apply to H. D. LANDIS. ap 27 daw tf

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I am now prepared to furnish the celebrated HOOSIER DRILL, and keep on hand all repairs for same. I am also agent for the York Safe and Lock Company's safe, one of the best in the world, and have on hand Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies. Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere and save money. For quality I cannot be beaten and in price will not be undersold for corresponding goods. Call and be convinced. ap 27 daw tf H. D. LANDIS.

New Furniture Store.

Now open with the most complete stock of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

IN THE COUNTY.

The stock is all new and personally selected from the leading manufacturing centres.

Prices the Very Lowest.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented.

Repairing Promptly Done.

J. C. BRACHBILL,

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Near P. R. R. Depot. 18 11tf

MANHOOD

How Lost How Restored

Just published a new edition of Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence, or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in his admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box. 450 18 43 1y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Winter, winter, winter, winter;
Soon away from us you'll wing,
Then, I fancy, we'll beginter
Kinder, sorter think it's spring.

—Daisy sleighing.

—Taffy parties are numerous.

—Almanacs for 1887 are fully ripe.

—Our merchants report business very brisk.

—Wednesday closed the deer hunting season.

—Chickens are abundant; turkeys seem scarce.

—Family reunions are in order during the holidays.

—All the pavements are slippery and it is quite easy to fall.

—The Huntingdon Presbytery met in Huntingdon on Wednesday.

—The hog cholera is still prevailing among the hogs in Brush Valley.

—There was a new installment of work Thursday for the snow shovel brigade.

—Frank Miller's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe is on the road and is highly spoken of.

—The Huntingdon county teachers' institute cost $584.45, and the receipts were $603.95.

—It is said that Mr George Jack, Boals' burg's jolly citizen, contemplates moving to the far west.

—Oh, dear; hold us, please. The people of Millheim continue to waltz around on roller skates!

—Garbrick Brothers are now cutting the second crop of ice, which is six inches thick and very fine.

—Some of the leading merchants in Lock Haven have agreed to close their stores regularly at 8 o'clock p. m.

—Mr. Chas. Cook is introducing steam heat into his residence and we learn that Mr. Chas. McCafferty is doing the same.

—It is remarked that the hens have the greatest strike of the season, eggs now being a rare commodity at 30 cents per dozen.

—President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, declares himself opposed to indiscriminate granting of free railroad passes.

—Gen. Beaver's forthcoming lecture in Philipsburg is announced to be delivered in the Opera House on Thursday evening, the 30th.

—A rumor prevails that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is negotiating for the purchase of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad.

—Gregg Post, G. A. R., of this place, will go in a body to Harrisburg, and will act as a special escort to Governor Beaver in the inaugural parade.

—Isabella Rose, widow of the late Robert C. Grier, justice of the supreme court of the United States, died in Philadelphia on Monday, the 13th.

—The servant girls in Greenville, Pa., have organized a movement to advance their wages 50 cents per week. They boycott any one who opposes them.

—Hugh McCarty, who is employed in the freight yard at Hollidaysburg at brakeman, was caught between two cars on Thursday morning and crushed to death.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish celebrated their golden wedding in Washington City last week. Mr. Fish was the Secretary of State during Gen. Grant's administration.

—If reports are true J. B. Heckman, of Penn Hall, can take the entire pig sty. It is said that a porker slaughtered by him the other day tilted the scales to the tune of 611 lbs.

—A four-year-old child of Andrew Weaver, who lives in the mountains, along Penns Creek, fell into a tub of boiling water on Friday, the 9th, and died the following Monday.

—Mr. Fred Kurtz remarks that if Mr. Meek cannot be found about the time a new bank examiner is to be appointed the appointment may come over to Centre Hall and knock at his door. He, like Barkis, "is willin."

—We long ago expected to say a word about that artistic new sign recently put up by Dr. A. W. Hafer at the corner of the building where his dental rooms are located. The sign was painted by Hilder and is very pretty.

—Ella Rhey and her paramour, John Stratton, notorious people who live at a place called Derby Hill, near Philipsburg, are now reposing in Fort Walker, this place, being incarcerated there for the attempted offense of blackmailing respectable citizens of Philipsburg.

—Everybody is glad to hear of the conviction of McQuade, another of New York city's boodle aldermen. Such convictions followed by sentences suitable to the character of the offense will do much to encourage honesty throughout the country. Failure to convict would have a corresponding effect the other way.

—On Wednesday, Wall street, New York city, experienced one of the most exciting days on record, caused by the sudden depreciation in the price of stocks. Several important failures resulted. Attention is called to the fact that Philadelphia stock brokers never have such experiences, which fact is attributed to their more conservative and careful management.

Two Innocents Abroad.

On Wednesday morning two citizens of this place traveled by private conveyance to Spring Mills. Like everybody else who started out at that time they thought the weather was going to remain warm and neglected to take any heavy outside garments along with them. Before nightfall they discovered their error and returned with teeth chattering. But the intervening incidents are what we wish to refer to.

Of course, one of them—the peculiarly innocent one—visited the famous creamery and inspected the process of making golden butter. He was pleased with what he saw and became thirsty for a drink of the rich buttermilk which he noticed was so plentiful. As it cost two cents per gallon he could not afford to dispose of more than two gallons of the liquid. Our hero found it difficult to find the creamery at first; and even when immediately in front of the building he asked two charming young ladies where it was located. Before he ventured inside the structure he asked these young ladies many other questions in regard to the creamery and the town. He enjoyed this conversation about as much as he did the buttermilk. The innocents visited Prof. Wolfe and found him growing stronger, though not able to talk long at a time because of the exertion which conversation involves. One of the innocents believed before he reached home, that his hands were frozen and at once hunted up a remedy for that affliction. He is quite well to-day.

Miss Musser's Death Caused by Typhoid Fever.

The Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona *Tribune* contradicts the rumor that there was anything mysterious about the death of Miss Luella Musser, who died in Gatesburg a few days ago. The correspondent writes:

It turns out that the death of Miss Luella Musser, of which mention was made on Tuesday, was not caused by poisoning but by typhoid fever. She had been making her home with Professor Weaver's family, who live about a mile from State College. Several of the professor's children were stricken with typhoid fever and Miss Musser assisted in nursing them. About two weeks ago she was taken ill and had symptoms of the fever but at no time did her condition seem dangerous. Sunday a week ago her attending physician expressed it as his opinion that it would be perfectly safe to take her home, but it was not until Friday last that the journey was made. On that day Professor Weaver drove her over to Gatesburg, nine miles distant from his home, in a sleigh. Not having previously known anything about her illness, her mother and all the neighborhood became alarmed and the wildest rumors were set afloat among which was that she had been poisoned. She sank gradually until Sunday evening, when she died. A post mortem examination was made on Monday which fully exploded the poison theory and determined the fact that death was caused by typhoid fever, aggravated by exposure she was subject to during the nine mile drive. The funeral of the young lady took place at Gatesburg on Tuesday.

Changing Pension Laws.

Senator Ingalls last week introduced the following bill amendatory of the pension laws: To increase the pension for loss of an eye to $30 per month, and for partial loss of sight to a proportionate amount; for loss of one hand or foot, or for total disability of the same, to $35 per month; for loss of an arm within five inches of or above the elbow joint, or loss of a leg within six inches of or above the knee joint, or total disability of the same, to $40 per month; and for loss of an arm within eight inches of the shoulder joint, or a leg within eight inches of the hip joint, to $45 per month. Also, providing that the pensions of all persons now on the pension rolls, and all persons hereafter granted pensions by special act of congress, shall commence from the date of discharge from the service of the United States, provided that the disability was contracted in line of duty in the service of the United States.

The Sons of Veterans Elect Officers.

On the evening of the 7th of December Camp Breeze, No. 143, S. of V., of this place, elected officers as follows:

Captain—Zeb Bathurst.
First Lieutenant—Ansel Gordon.
Second Lieutenant—William McCaslin.
Camp Counsel—Bond Fisher, John Gares and Robert Weight.
Delegate to Convention Encampment—Ansel Gordon; Alternate, David Miller.
Orderly Sergeant—Nelson Garman.
Quartermaster Sergeant—John Weight.
Chaplain—David Miller.
Sergeant of the Guards—Miles Ganoe.
Color Sergeant—David Tate.
Camp of Guards—Charles Garret.
Picket Guard—William Wilson.
Drum Musician—John Gares.

Captain F. A. First, of Altoona, was present to assist in the election of officers.

—Col. William D. A. Nangle died at 10 o'clock a. m., on Sunday, the 12th inst., at his home in Philipsburg. His death, it is asserted, was caused by injuries received during the war. Although he applied for a pension he never received one and went to his grave unrewarded by his country. The *Ledger*, of Philipsburg, severely denounces the red tape of the department which rendered it impossible for the Colonel to secure a pension.

The Grades of Our Streets and Sidewalks.

EDITOR DAILY NEWS.

Sir—Permit me space in your columns to call the attention of the action of borough councils, in the matter of the sidewalk grade in front of the property where I reside, that property owners and tax payers may take cognizance of action so injurious to the rights of property, and that my attitude in the premises may be better understood.

Under good and proper municipal government it is everywhere held that the grade of the street, the gutter, and the sidewalk, should be uniform and on a level. So universal is this the rule and guide that I know of no deviation from it in well ordered boroughs or cities, when permanent grade is established; in fact, the rule prevails everywhere to compel the owners of property to make their sidewalks conform in grade and elevation with the street, and any deviation from this is held as a blemish to the street and an injury to the property.

In my case notwithstanding the fact that when I bought the property, where I reside, and for many years previous there was an established grade of street, gutter and pavement—almost level and uniform—I am now directed to raise my sidewalk to an elevation, at one end, of over three feet above the level of the street, without benefit to anyone, but of great injury to the property, and which will deprive me of a coss, at a level, to the street in front of my residence, which I now have, and which, when grades are adjusted is everywhere that it is possible, assured to the property. Without this convenience property is of much less value as every one knows and feels.

I have asked that this most incomprehensible action be delayed until a suitable season for making a sidewalk an that the tax payers may not be subject to wholly unnecessary damages and costs of litigation, but this is denied me and I am compelled to resort to the courts for protection.

The pavement in front of my residence is kept free from snow and ice, and although brought to its present condition by action of councils, is entirely safe, while whole blocks of sidewalks, through the neglect of councils, are so covered with ice as to render them dangerous to life to walk upon.

It would be unfair to assume that our councils are ignorant of the rule everywhere prevailing in the establishing of streets and sidewalks, and of the uniform guide and principles applied, and in the absence of this, such injurious action must seem to exist in motives personal to myself.

Very truly yours,
JAMES MILLIKEN.

Bellefonte Dec. 17, 1886.

How they Fall.

Almost everyone whose business calls them out on the streets succeed in falling at least during the winter. Some people are constantly falling down and getting up again while others slip repeatedly without going down once. It is amusing to see the violent efforts which some people exert to keep themselves on their feet, throwing themselves into every position that can be conceived of, and the last position may be a prostrate one parallel with the pavement. Don't get discouraged if you fall; get up and go on without looking around to see who saw you. Rest assured that if there was one person in sight he saw the entire affair and is ready to laugh at or sympathise with you.

—Important improvements have been made in John Sourbeck's store and are now about complete. The woodwork has been painted and varnished and paper of a very tasteful pattern has been placed on the ceiling and walls. This renders the room very handsome. In addition to this, a new glass front has been put in. Mr. Sourbeck has added three new glass cases for displaying goods in his store. They are high and consist of two compartments—one above and one below—which display goods to the best advantage. One of these cases is filled with valuable meerschaum goods which will prove a delight to trained smokers. Mr. Sourbeck, as usual, has a very excellent assortment of candies, including all the recognized standard makes and a rich array of imported goods. He is prepared to fill all the orders, great and small.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa., December 13, 1886:

Harry Armstrong, Hon. H. Brace, Miss Annie Cole, John Jackson, W. O. Klinger, E. B. Kittell, Robt Mirley, Miss Lizzie Murray, George Reeder, A. W. Reese, S. J. Ryan, Miss Susie S. Reese-2, John Roaky, Miss Laura Saunes, J. T. Stevenson, Sullivan & Thornbury, Mrs. Ruth Rellington.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—We regret to hear that Rev. C. W. W. Frazier, the African missionary, did not have as large an audience on Thursday night as there should have been present. The hall was too cold for comfort and he was compelled to abbreviate his lecture. His remarks were exceedingly entertaining and instructive.

Unionville Items.

The good sleighing of two weeks ago nearly passed away, but now with the fresh supply of two inches of snow the sleighs are again slipping freely over the ice and frozen earth.

A wedding occurred on Tuesday evening, the 14th, at Mr. Barney Shipley's residence on the Pike above Unionville, the happy couple being Mr. Nelson Walford and Miss Shipley, Rev. Guyer officiating.

The hunters have been coming in from the mountains in the last few days in obedience to the law for closing the hunting season.

A new store is about to be opened by Leathers & Co., in the room recently vacated by Wm. Resides.

Work on the new store room has ceased for the present until more suitable weather comes.

The long-looked for iron bridge has come and is on the ground and the builders are daily expected here to put it up.

The ice harvest is over and parties in town have their ice houses filled with an excellent quality of ice seven to eight inches thick.

J. F. Barton, the genial clerk in A. J. & T. E. Griest's store, has been laid up for a few days with quinsy, but we hope he will soon be ready for duty again.

Miss Annie Peters, an efficient seamstress who moved with her mother recently to Bellefonte, is now in town working for her old patrons. J.

Marriage Licenses.

Since the marriage license law went into effect, October 1, 1885, about 305 licenses have been granted in this county. Just at this season they are in great demand and the harvest of weddings, before the close of January, will be plentiful. The young folks have become better acquainted with the modus operandi not of getting married, but of procuring the license, and this year there will be many more granted than there were last year. Even when the demand increases Register McClain does not add a cent to the price; it is always the same in flush times as well as in seasons when money is scarce. One good feature of marriage license is that they are sold at the same price to everyone. The rich and poor all pay the uniform price of 50 cents each and the quality does not vary at all.

Some Modern Fashions.

Height is one thing desirable in hats this this season, much to the disgust, we fear, of the men folks, who have made with glee the high hats of the ladies a well-worn subject of remark.

There is an entire absence of the emmense bouquet of flowers which formerly decorated the front of every opera box, were held in the hand or disfigured the front of the corsage.

The flowers seen now are very few in number, and form a "posy" bouquet, worn in front, or to the left of the bodice when it is cut square.

The change is an improvement, so far as the flowers are concerned, for the enlarged bouquet often really marred a beautiful form, and it must be a relief to some of the men who are expected to furnish them.

How we Catch Cold.

One very popular method among the ladies of catching cold is in the frequency with which they enter and depart from houses which perhaps are at summer temperature inside, while the air outside is at zero. Fashion, this year, renders this more popular than ever, as seal-skin sacques are tight-fitting and the ladies will not lay them off when they make their fashionable calls. This makes them exceeding warm at one instant and chills them the next. Some independent ladies should adopt the fashion of laying off their outer garments, and the natural imitators of greatness would soon follow their example. Thus much injury to health would be avoided.

—A levy was made on Tuesday on the interest of Peter Herdic in the property of the Huntingdon Water company, limited. The execution was issued at the instance of Perkin & Co., of Philadelphia, who furnished supplies to Mr. Herdic to the amount of $2,500. It is claimed by Herdic that he has no interest in the property of the Water Company, but was associated with them merely in the construction of the works. Notwithstanding this, however, the property was condemned by a committee of inquisition appointed by the court to ascertain whether the interest on the property in 7 years would cover the amount of the claim. The property is now in the hands of the Sheriff pending a day of sale.

—On Friday evening the members of the Lutheran congregation visited the parsonage—the home of Rev. Chas. T. Steck and family—taking with them a large and generous donation of groceries, meats and provisions. So large a quantity did they bring and so numerous were the packages and bundles, that there was hardly space for the guests to move about in the house. A very pleasant social occasion was the result. Rev. Steck and his family unite in thanks to their friends, hoping that the donors who were so mindful of the comfort of others may themselves be richly blessed in basket and store.

—Mr. Sands' very handsome new house will probably not be completed until about the 1st of April.

Reaping their Reward.

The merchants who advertise in the REPUBLICAN (and they are almost legion in number) are reaping their reward already by having their stores crowded with customers. This was illustrated on Friday afternoon. The stores were crowded with buyers, and the capacity of the force of employes in the stores was tested to the utmost. Some people were compelled to depart without being waited upon. The goods displayed this year are truly beautiful, and are going off like hot cakes on a cold morning. Consult the columns of this paper and go early to make your purchases.

—In Winchester county, New York State, the Board of Supervisors have adopted a peculiar method of getting rid of the tramp. The Board of Supervisors passed a resolution providing for the construction of a building on the county farm, which will have in it water tight apartments in which water can be forced to the depth of six feet. When a tramp is caught he will be put in one of these apartments and the water turned on. Unless he bails it out as fast as it runs in he will drown. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 14 to 8.

—The twenty-sixth annual session of the Central Pennsylvania Dental Association will be held in Tyrone on New Years day. Among the essays to be read will be one by Dr. J. D. Geissinger, of this place, on the subject, "What do we mean by the term quack?" Doubtless the Doctor will find abundant opportunity to sandwich humor among his serious comments on this subject. As an illustration, he might cite the fellow who extracted teeth to the time of a band of music on the streets last summer.

—There has been issued from the headquarters of the National Guard of Pennsylvania an order making certain changes in the uniform of and equipment of the State Guard in order to conform to the present uniform of the United States army. In the infantry everything in the shape of shoulder-knots, facings of the coats, cords and stripes will hereafter be white instead of blue.

—It is somewhat far fetched to dub as a hermit and to cloth with mystery a venerable negro, merely because he lives alone in a house. His home is not far from town, he mingles daily and freely with his fellows and is not cranky. No element of mystery has ever attached to the venerable Frazier, perhaps he will chuckle to himself when he reads that he has become an object of curiosity.

—The postoffice in this place will hereafter be open on Saturday evening until 9:30 o'clock, and on Sundays will not be open at all. This is a vast improvement, as there is no necessity of giving attention to mail matter on Sunday that can be attended to just as well on Saturday night. Dr. Dobbins, the postmaster, deserves commendation for this change.

—Two letters, mailed in this place, on Wednesday, were addressed "St. Nicholas, North Pole." They were sent away on the air line to that place, which departs at 9 o'clock, and St. Nich received them at high noon next day. He perused the missives with interest and provided himself with an additional assortment of dolls, guns, tops and horses for the occasion.

—Miss Mary Gephart, the brilliant and accomplished daughter of Hon. J. P. Gephart, of this place, will be married on Wednesday evening, December 29, to Mr. William B. Dix. The ceremony will be solemnized in St. John's Episcopal church at half-past six o'clock p. m. Reception at residence of the bride's father from 7 to 9 o'clock.

—Have you noticed the new Catholic church building recently? It looks quite immense in comparison with the old building just east of it. The tower of the old building is not as high as the peak of the roof of the new, and when a handsome tower surmounts the new structure the effect will be grandly imposing.

—A comet is said to be visible early in the evening in the northeastern horizon, but all modern comets have been such lugubrious failures—at least, so far as the Bellefonte view of them is concerned—that we will not advise our readers to stand outdoors in the cold night air for the purpose of seeing this comet wag its tail.

—Cards are out for the marriage soon of G. A. Lichtenthaler, Esq., of Philipsburg, and Miss Mary C. Mendenhall, of Montoursville, Lycoming county. The groom is a lawyer and was the Republican candidate for district attorney of this county during the recent campaign.

—When work is done right the worker merits commendation. With this object in view permit us to say that in the larger portion of the town the recent snow was removed from the pavements in a reasonable time after the fall. Keep up the good work throughout the winter.

—Hunt up all the good resolutions that can be found. Put them in some place where they can be kept safely. A good resolution is worth its weight in gold while it is kept, but it is awfully dangerous when it is let loose in the world.

—The tobacco growers of Ky. are endeavoring to put up the price of tobacco. At a convention held at Lexington, on Tuesday, it was decided that the supply and demand shall regulate the tobacco production and relieve the present distress in prices. It was recommended that at least 50 per cent of the crop of 1886 should be withheld from the market indefinitely.

Medical, Etc.

HOW'S
Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring many people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Indigestion, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I have never use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect; indeed it seems to be almost a Specific for diseases of the Stomach and Liver.

W. J. Sloan.

EASILY ACCOUNTED FOR

The success of Baugh's $25 Phosphate as an excellent crop producer and permanent improver of the soil, is easily accounted for It is made of the bones of animals, and with special regard to a general adaptability as a plant food."

Every particle of which bones are composed, is a direct food of vegetables.

We render this food immediately available In the $25 PHOSPHATE Which we claim to be a very special advantage, as it gives the crop an early start and sustains it until fully matured, besides permanently improving the soil.

MODENA, PA. Jan 1st, 1886.

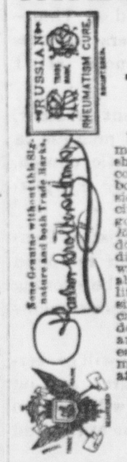
"Having thoroughly tested BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE, side by side with other makes costing $35 and $40 per ton, I am satisfied that Baugh's is the best for first crop as well as permanent results. I had better wheat and cut more grass for two years where I used the $25 Phosphate. I will use no other kind and advise all farmers to buy Baugh's $25 Phosphate and see results for themselves on their own ground." JOHN FADDIS.

THE ORIGINAL Manufacturers of RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE. Combined capacity of our Works, 75,000 tons per year, and still increasing.

BAUGH & SONS, MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Use Baugh's $25 PHOSPHATE
ACTIVE, PERMANENT, CHEAP
ANIMAL BONE MANURE

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE



HAS PROVED TO BE
THE REMEDY
FOR RHEUMATISM.

MARION, IND., Aug. 12, 1886.

My wife was so afflicted with Rheumatism in her shoulder and arm that she could do nothing for herself, and could not sleep in bed, but had to be bolstered up in a rocking chair. Physicians prescribed, many patent medicines were used, but the pain still got worse. I sent for the *Russian Rheumatism Cure*, under a cloud of doubts. It was used according to directions for one week, and my wife was cured. It was one of those agreeable surprises that you meet once in a lifetime. It is now over four months since the cure was effected, and she can wash, iron, hoe in the garden, and do all kinds of work as well as ever, and has no symptoms of the old disease. We have no hesitancy in recommending the cure to all similarly afflicted, as SAFE AND SURE.

Truly yours,
H. J. FISHELL.

Thousands of others have been cured.

PRICE $2.50.

For complete information, Descriptive Pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

For sale by all druggists. If one or the other is not in position to furnish it to you, do not be persuaded to take anything else, but apply direct to the General Agents, PFAELZER BROS. & CO. 819 & 821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Rogers' Grapoline!

This preparation is a mild and gentle saline cathartic, alterative and tonic. It is most carefully prepared in the form of a snow white powder, containing all the medical properties of the GRAPE and other fruits. It will promptly cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Indigestion and all Inflammatory complaints where a gentle, cooling cathartic is required. Give this remedy one trial and it will convince you of the above facts. Prepared by A. B. ROGERS & CO., Geneseo, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

17 46 1y

For sale by the GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R. CO. Sugar maple the principal [illegible]

Advantages: Railroads already built [illegible] various towns and cities, one of the best [illegible] of the United States, purest water, good [illegible], fine fruit, good roads, schools, churches, large agricultural population, best building material at low figures, good soil, low prices, easy terms, perfect title. For books, maps, charts, and all additional information, address

W. O. HUCHART,
Land Commissioner, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The circulation of the DAILY NEWS is rapidly increasing.

—Charles French of Snow Shoe killed seven deer in nine days.

—Wednesday was the last day of the High School until next year.

—Last night was the longest and to-day is the shortest of the year.

—Reports of casualities at sea have been particularly numerous of late.

—After to-day the days will begin to grow longer and the cold stronger.

—Every available inch of the DAILY NEWS is crowded with advertisements.

—Hurrah for the cheerful prospect of a white Christmas and a white New Year.

—Francis Speer's night school is one of the most progressive institutions in our borough.

—There is to be a prayer meeting in the Y. M. C. A hall on Christmas morning at 9 o'clock.

—The public schools in the stone building held their last session Saturday until after the holidays.

—Houtzdale's new opera house, which is quite a handsome affair, was opened on Tuesday night of last week.

—We saw Mr. A. B. Steele striding along with a gun on Monday. Wonder who or what he is a gunnin' for.

—It is reported that W. C. Heinle, Esq. has been appointed collector of internal revenue for this district, vice T. J. Dunkle, resigned.

—The pupils of the Birmingham Seminary gave a concert Tuesday evening, Miss Lillie Aikens singing a solo entitled, "Cantique de Noel."

—Jimmie Kinsloe is one of the best vocalists in town as all will acknowledge who hear him warbling in the Western Union office.

—Read the grand offer elsewhere in this paper to club the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN with the Philadelphia *Weekly Press* for $2 a year.

—Captain J. R. Orwig, of Harrisburg, is an applicant for the position of State Librarian. He is a journalist and was assistant state librarian nine years.

—The main building of the glass works has been reared, and it will not be long ere active work will begin at the manufacture of the transparent material.

—This is only the middle of December and yet more ice has already been housed than will suffice for next Summer's use. The crop is over-abundant.

—We started out to trace up a murder on Saturday evening, but found that the gentleman who was supposed to know all about it had not heard of it at all.

—Never was the sleighing more perfect in town and for many miles into the country. The winter taste can now be satisfied whether it be for coasting or skating.

—A five year old child of Roland Heverly, of Snow Shoe, died on Thursday at 11 o'clock. The funeral services occurred Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

—Considering the inclement weather, the men are making good progress in slating the roof of the Catholic church. About a quarter of it is already completed.

—The Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union will have their reception in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on the evening of the 30th of December. Refreshments will be free.

—On Christmas eve there will be services in the Episcopal church and on Christmas morning there will be two communion services — one at 7.30 and one at 10:30.

—Cards of invitation were issued several days ago for the marriage of Miss Etta J. O'Leary, daughter of John O'Leary, of Bellefonte, to Mr. Joseph Wise, of York, Pa. The event will occur in the Roman Catholic church on the 29th inst. Reception in the evening.

—No orders will be issued by the county commissioners between Monday, the 27th of December, 1886, and Tuesday, January 4, 1887. The commissioners will be employed in getting their report ready. All who are interested should govern themselves accordingly.

—During the meeting of institute some artistic, harmonious and interesting music will be rendered. That to be rendered by the Y. M. C. A. quartette will combine art and harmony. And that to be given by a class from Prof. Milton Furey's colored school will be very interesting, combined with a fair share of harmony.

—The Good Templar Lodge of this place held a very interesting meeting on Tuesday evening, all the time being fully occupied by those who desired to submit business for the good of the order. Consequently, the debate was postponed until next Tuesday evening, when the debaters will be heard. The next meeting will begin at 7½ o'clock instead of 8.

FIRE AND SMOKE.

A SUNDAY MORNING CONFLAGRATION IN A BUSINESS BLOCK.

The people of this borough sleep soundly on Sunday mornings. Even when a fire occurs as late as 7 o'clock it is almost impossible to awake them. This was the case on Sunday morning. At exactly 20 minutes before 7 Mrs. Irvin Taylor, who resides in the dwelling house near Bush & Buck's Novelty Machine Works, thought she smelled smoke and was quite sure she could see it issuing from the rear of the stere room in which J. C Brachbill carries on the furniture trade. Then all was excitement. The men folks were aroused and gave the alarm. At the same time the porter at the Bush House saw smoke coming from the front of Brachbill's cellar through the street door. He added his voice to the general alarm. Some one also succeeded in ringing the fire bell, but people who heard it in their dreams thought it was only a church bell ringing for an early service and went to sleep again. Charley Noll, at the Telephone Exchange, endeavored to awake the people, but he found them hard to arouse. Those who came first to the fire acted wisely. They kept the doors closely fastened and threw water on while permitting as few drafts of air as possible. The smoke was so dense inside that it was difficult to enter. The fire had started in the cellar beneath Brachbill's store room near a rear window. It burned up into the storeroom above and flames also darted through into Mr. Valentine Smith's grocery store. But there they were battled back with a drenching shower of water. The Logan Hose Company and the Undine Hose Company were present and the united efforts of the faithful workers prevented the fire developing into an immense conflagration. Mr. Brachbill's stock was large and valuable and is entirely ruined. The smell of smoke still pervades Mr. Smith's grocery store room and all his goods are more or less damaged. The building belongs to the estate of the late D. G. Bush, Esq.

The fire was, we believe, the work of an incendiary and the incendiary is doubtless the same one who fired the buildings last winter and for whose apprehension a reward was offered. It is plainly some one who understands exactly the situation of the buildings, and cannot be the work of an ordinary tramp We believe the offer of a reward for the arrest and conviction of the fellow is still good and an extraordinary effort should made to discover who it is. This is the second fire which occurred on Sunday morning, the former being the burning of the lass works.

Both building and stock were insured

What Others Say of Them.

Prof. Geo. Bible has about all the literary and professional work that he can attend to during the next few weeks. On Wednesday last he were in Ridgeway, Pa., to recite for the county institute, and he will spend the following week in Butler, Pa., as an institute instructor. On Tuesday evening of that week, the 28th inst., he will give an entertainment, assisted by Mrs. Bible, Miss Mary Bradley, Miss McClintock, of Lock Haven, and Prof. Lowell Meyer. On Friday evening he and Mrs. Bible took part in an entertainment in Lock Haven, Mr. Bible reciting numerous selections and performing on both the xylophone and copophone. The papers of that place allude to him enthusiastically. We copy a few of the sentences: "Prof. Bible, whose versatile talents especially delighted the people good naturedly gave one humorous recitation after another, until the house was in a roar of merriment. We may count ourselves happy whenever he will favor us with xylophone or copophone music, or any of his excellent impersonations." And this: "Prof. Bible also played "The Last Rose of Summer" on the copophone, and delighted all with his masterly execution on this novel instrument. Prof. Bible will need no introduction to those who heard him in his matchless performances last evening."

Of Mrs. Bible the papers say: "She sang a charming Scotch song in a clear, rich voice, evincing rare culture. The audience applauded her rendition heartily." Another is: "Mrs. Bible who has a rich contralto voice, sang with fine effect, "We'd better bide a wee."

Mr. Bible has concluded to remain with the school at least until next June.

Prepared for Sledding Parties.

The extremely handsome vehicle used by sledding parties so frequently of late and which is the acme of comfort and style is the property of C. I. Lose, the liveryman. Of course, you have seen and admired it. It is capacious and attractive. The seats on each side are handsomely upholstered and are warm, luxurious and comfortable. The exterior is beautifully painted. The runners are yellow, while the frame work of the sled is a combination of red and black. This admirable vehicle was built in this county, at the coach shop of W. V. Meyers, in Pine Grove. Someone has called it a "beauty on runners," and one of the desirable features about it is that the vehicle can be lifted from the runners and placed on wheels and will do for summer as well as winter.

—Michael Igoe, brother of Rev. Father Igoe, pastor of the Renovo Catholic church, was killed on a lumber railroad near St. Mary's last Friday morning.

SERIOUS SUBJECTS.

TALKED OF IN COUNCIL—AN ORDINANCE PASSED AND OTHER BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

By dint of much exertion and many messages, with Thos. Shaughensey, M. C., to act as messenger, all the members of council were brought together in the council chamber Monday evening. Messrs. John Morgan and Michael Keefe were present to communicate with council verbally. There were no written communications and the committees had but little to report.

The Fire and Police committee asked for a special appropriation from council to enable them to purchase the hose house lot, and a special appropriation of $400 was voted for that purpose.

The ordinance prohibiting the storing of explosives, in dangerous quantities, within the borough limits, without special permit, was carried by a vote of 6 to 3. This ordinance, which will be published in full, will not interfere at all with the shipping and distribution of oil or other explosives at this point, but will necessitate the depositing of such articles at a safe distance from valuable property, and will make the business less dangerous.

A complaint was made that sewer gas arises from a sewer in Cherry alley, causing illness. The council, after several members had given strong reasons to show that no gas is emitted from the sewer, referred the matter to the Nuisance committee to investigate.

The vexed question of raising the boardwalk in front of Mr. Milliken's house to the grade recently given was discussed and the Street committee was instructed to carry out the previous directions of council.

John F. Weaver, Formerly of Centre County, Killed on the Railroad.

ROCONVERTE, W. Va., Dec. 17, 1886.

MR. EDITOR: On Tuesday, the 14th day of this month, Mr. John F. Weaver was instantly killed on the railroad, near Roconverte, Greenbriar county, W. Va. The accident occurred at about 1.30 o'clock p. m., as follows: The unfortunate man was in the employ of the C. & O. R. R. Co., inspecting trains. He was attending to his duty on the day named, and was standing on the track, grease cup in hand, inspecting a passing freight train. So intent was he on this duty that he failed to notice a locomotive which was making a "fly switch" and moving backward around a slight curve on the same track on which he stood. It is said that no warning was given by the engineer. He was struck by the tender and carried some 250 feet, when he fell on the track and the engine and tender passed over him. He was fearfully mangled and death must have been instantaneous. On Wednesday, the 15th, his remains were followed to the cemetery by a very large concourse of people, a severe snow storm raging at the time. Mr. Weaver leaves a wife and two children to mourn the sad event. They have the warmest sympathy of the whole community.

Mr. Weaver was born December 19, 1838, near Farmers Mills, in Penns Valley. He spent all of his boyhood and young manhood in that place, but when the war broke out he happened to be in Snow Shoe engaged in the lumber business with his brother, D. W. Weaver. When the call for troops came John was ready and enlisted with some 25 or 30 others, being placed in Co. G, 5th P. Reserves, Captain Larimer. He was wounded at Seven Pines under McClellan. He served his country faithfully till he received a second serious wound at Fredericksburg. This second wound was through the thigh, and by reason of it he was discharged. He at once returned to Snow Snow, where he married Miss Mollie E. Frazier, of that place, and also united with the M. E. church.

In 1863, during the dark hours in the country's history, when his own State was in danger because of its invasion by the confederates, Gov. Curtin called for State troops, John had recovered and again responded. He was made a member of the 46th regiment P. V., his company being captained by W. A. Thomas, of Bellefonte. The next year, 1864, he again enlisted in Co. F, 200th Penn'a, and served faithfully in the 3d Brig., 3d Div., 9 A. C., General Hartranft division commander. In June of 1865, after the close of the war, he returned to Moshannon, in Snow Shoe township, where he resided till the Spring of 1875, when he come to Roconverte to engage in the lumber business under Mr. F. P. Hurxthal, formerly from your county.

Since John joined the church he has been an active, consistent worker, first with the Methodist church, and afterwards with the Messiah church. He retained his connection with that branch of the church until recently. As there is no organization of that denomination in Reconverte, he united with the "Christian" church. After 20 years of earnest, devoted and faithful fighting as a soldier in the church militant he went to join the church triumphant. It can be truly said that for him to live was Chris and for him to die was great gain.

Yours very truly,

D. W. W.

—We advise the young men not to go without overcoats merely because a foolish fashion dictates it. It is better to avoid pneumonia than to be a follower of the fashions.

Railroads and Hunters.

OUR CURTIN TOWNSHIP CORRESPONDENT DISCOURSETH ABOUT RAILROADS, ETC.

MR. EDITOR: There is considerable excitement just now over the fact that two important surveys for as many railroads have been made through the Marsh Creek Valley. One is the Milton and Punxsutawney and the other is a through line, on or near the 41st parallel, between New York and Chicago. The feasibility of this route is apparent from the fact that the grade is easy and the distance lessened between the two great cities by over one hundred and twenty-five miles. The present railroad facilities are inadequate to supply the demands of the grain growing region of the West, and the steady, healthful flow of emigration filling up the great American desert. Hence other lines will be necessary.

Bellefonte may "catch on" to this present line by an extension of the Buffalo Run railroad to Eagleville. She may do this, but she can't be on the main line "no how." Lock Haven wanted to be on the main line of the B. C. & C. Railroad, and as an inducement offered them the right of way through the city, and several thousand dollars besides, but they wanted to go to Clearfield by the most direct route and kept straight ahead. Big railroad companies don't notice little towns. [We hope, for the physical safety of our correspondent next time he comes to Bellefonte, that he don't include Bellefonte among his "little towns" — Ed.]

Robt. Waggoner (a crack shot) nearly eight years old, caused a large doe to "bite the snow" last week.

John Packer and "Tom" Shawley killed a large bear on Laurel Run. It weighed over three hundred pounds.

John F. Potter, attorney at-law of your town, is practicing before our court, and the court recognizes in Mr. Potter a gentleman well versed in Blackstone. He will create a favorable opinion no doubt.

N. M.

(Contributed.)

To the Memory of the Late Nathan J. Mitchell.

It is with sorrow that we record the death of Elder Nathan J. Mitchell, "the pioneer preacher" of the Bald Eagle Valley. This sad event occurred at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Charity Leathers, in Lock Haven, on Friday, the 10th, after a protracted illness. Elder Mitchell was the founder of the "Disciple" or "Christian church" in Centre and other counties He sowed the seed amidst the tempests of contempt and derision, calumny and detraction. He saw the seed germinate and grow, and in his declining years, when exhausted by wornout vitality, he could cast the eyes of his mind over the fields of his labor and with fervent heart exclaim, "The Lord be praised" He had a large circle of admiring friends, inside and outside of the church. His remains were interred in the family burying ground, near Howard, on Monday, the 13th, followed to the tomb by a large cortege of mourning friends. Rest in peace

J. A. D.

Accident to a Little Girl.

On Tuesday, the 14th, a little girl named Bertha Eckley was run over by a wagon loaded with about three-fourths of a cord of wood. The driver was Mr. Samuel Steel, of Martha. It appears that while coming from Sugar Grove school house, on her way home, she attempted to jump on to the wagon, between the front and hind wheels, catching hold of the standard, and putting her foot on the rubber beam. She was unable to hold on and fell from the wagon, the rear wheels passing over her.

The driver, Mr. Steel, was not aware of the child's mishap until he heard a noise caused by the falling of her dinner bucket. He looked back and saw her lying in the road. He picked her up and she was taken to her home, where she is now in a very critical condition, her physician not expecting her to recover, although we hope that the worst fears may not be realized.

Election of Officers

Grove Bros. Post, No. 252, G. A. R. at Howard, Pa., on last Saturday, evening, elected the following officers:

Commander—Wm. H. Neff.
Sen. Vice Commander—J. T. Phesant.
Jr. Vice Commander—James Wyble.
Quartermaster—B. F. Holter.
Officer of the Day—Thomas Sanders.
Chaplain—James Turner.
Surgeon—L. R. Hensyl.
Officer of the Guard—Joseph Castleberry
Ordinance Officer—D. S. Dunham.
Trustee—R. V. Butler.
Delegate—L. R. Hensyl.

The above officers will be installed on Saturday evening, January 1st, 1887, and the Post extends an invitation to all comrades of other Posts to be present and participate in the festivities of the occasion.

—The Christmas entertainment for the Methodist Sunday-school will be held on Christmas eve, Friday evening. The Reformed Sunday-school will appropriately celebrate on the evening of Christmas day—Saturday. The Lutheran Sunday-school will meet with the church on Christmas morning at half-past ten o'clock, and receive their gifts. The Episcopal Sunday-school will hold Christmas exercises on the evening of Holy Innocents day, Tuesday, the 28th. Presbyterian Sunday-school on 31st of December. Thus all the Sunday-school pupils will be well provided for.

It Eclipses the Best of Them.

We will tell it confidentially into the ear of a confiding public that the new quartette organized in the Y. M. C. A. is just about the most delightful and artistic musical combination heard in this place for a "month of Sundays." Talk about your Boston Ideal Quartette your Cincinnati quinette and all your other bang-up $500 a night combinations there are not many of them that can make you believe that you are taking a sleigh ride, eating chocolate creams, and, in brief, elevated to the seventh heaven to a greater extent than this quartette did the Y. M. C. A. audience Sunday afternoon when they rendered two or three selections. They are superlatively excellent and no mistake, and they are under a standing engagement to sing every Sunday for the Y. M. C. A. meetings.

Howard Happings.

Our public schools have closed for a two weeks' vacation.

The boys and girls are having a fine time on ice.

Wm. Bland has a rare stock of holiday goods.

Mr. Thomas Hunt is up from Williamsport visiting friends.

The M. E. Sunday school will celebrate Christmas eve with singing, recitations and a Christmas tree.

The ladies of the Evangelical association will give an oyster dinner and supper on Christmas.

Messrs. Walter Cook and Anson Schenck left last Saturday for Woodstock, Virginia, on a two weeks hunt for deer. It is expected they will capture two alive and bring them home.

—One of the most exciting events connected with Sunday morning's fire was the descent of W. E. Gray, Esq., down the stairs. He occupies a room overhead. The smoke awakened him and he at once concluded that the building was wrapped in flames about as tightly as he had been wrapped in the arms of Morpheus. He looked out the window and imagined himself the boy on the burning deck. Once he thought of sliding to the ground on one of the big streams of water thrown up by the firemen. Naturally brave, however, he concluded that life was very sweet and he would make a last, desperate effort to reach terra firma via the stairs. Shouldering his Saratoga trunk he made way through the dense billows of smoke and lapping flames. He and his trunk revolved rapidly down stairs. Which reached the ground first is not certain. "Saved, saved!" he murmured as he felt the cold touch of the snow beneath his feet. "Yes, you might have stayed up there," said some unfeeling fireman: "the fire is nearly out now"

One gentleman who will be in Bellefonte during the institute and will deliver an evening lecture we have not referred to His lecture will be one of the best of the course and should crowd the Court House. The gentleman is Prof. Irish who is professor of belles-lettres and English literature in one of the prominent educational institutions. His theme will be "The Bible as the greatest of Books and a Library of Knowledge." It will be grand and of special importance to young people. We hope that persons earnestly desiring the elevation of mankind and the spread of valuable knowledge will interest themselves in securing a large attendance at this lecture. It will richly repay all who go.

—A gentleman who sometimes has occasion to collect bills told the following story on Saturday evening. One day last week a man promised that if he (the creditor) would come to his house at a certain time he would receive part of the money due him. The gentleman accordingly went, but the debtor was not there. He waited for him but the man failed to appear, and some one near made the remark that it was useless to wait as the man would not appear while his creditor waited for him. "The man is like a horse," replied the disapointed collector, "Why?" interrogated the listeners "Because he becomes frightened at a small piece of paper," answered the collector as he held up the paper and retired.

—The Lock Haven *Democrat* remarks: "A Zion correspondent says that Charles and Arthur Fisher, while hunting for game on Saturday last, accidentally discovered several bushels of eggs secreted in a fence corner back of the town. They are supposed to be the same that were recently taken from the cellar of one of the merchants in that place." The Zion referred to, we suppose is the one in this county as it his not possible that the *Democrat* would receive correspondence from any Zion more heavenly than that.

—Under the title "Lucky Hunters" the Lock Haven *Democrat* has this: "Samuel Cross, of Philipsburg, received the snug little sum of $1155 as back pay on a pension, last week, with assurance of $8 per month hereafter." Oh, yes; he was a lucky hunter; but does the same sort of excitement attend the sport of hunting for pension money that is said to be connected with deer hunting?

—Do not forget the services for men in the Episcopal church on Sunday afternoon. Rev. J. O. Davis will give valuable instruction, and there should be a large attendance. The service will begin at 4 o'clock.

Personal Pencilings.

Gen. Beaver and Mrs. Beaver returned home Saturday morning.

Prof. Reeves and wife of State College, were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Hummel, of Selinsgrove, is the guest of his friend, Dr. Boardner.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Bible came up from Lock Haven Saturday morning.

Mr. Minsker, who resides on Curtin street, has been quite ill with erysipelas.

Prof. W. C. McCool, of Homer, Neb., is visiting his parents in Spring Mills.

Walter Bayard gave winter an enthusastic welcome by parting with his beard.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Grow, of Philadelphia, will spend the Christmas season in Lock Haven.

Geo. Blackford, the restauranter, was summoned away on Wednesday by the death of his sister.

Max, Lou and Katie Furey, three children of Joe W. Furey, of Lock Haven, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. Miles Buck, of Loveville, and Isaac Buck of Centre Line, were visitors in Bellefonte Friday morning.

Mr. Christian Derr is confined quite closely to the house, not being able to venture out this severe weather.

Dr. Tobin, of Stormstown, is too ill to attend to his patients and Dr. Dale has taken temporary charge of them.

Theodore Young, a freight brakeman, slipped from a car a half mile west of Cresson, on Thursday, and was instantly killed.

Mrs. Isaac Guggenheimer and her daughter are away from home, visiting friends in Philadelphia, Lancaster and other cities.

Mr. William Hess, of Pine Grove Mills, is at Reading, Pa., where he is consulting eminent physicians. He is afflicted with heart disease.

James H. Saxon, a tenant of Isaac Haupt's who was hunting with Isaac Newton Haupt, shot a 16-lb. wild turkey Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Beaver, wife of the Governor-elect, while in Harrisburg the other day, was shown through the executive Mansion by Mrs. Pattison.

Professor Jesse Richard, of Philipsburg, who has been giving instruction at State College, passed through town on Wednesday on his way to Martha, this county.

Mr. Geo. S. Gray, of Stormstown, made a short call at this office on Thursday. Mr. Gray has made himself comfortable the past fall by erecting one of the finest and most substantial houses in Half Moon valley.

Miss Sue Jack, of Boalsburg, was the maid of honor to Miss Annie Maitland, of Williamsport, who was married to Mr. Cullen Battle, of Macon, Ga., on Wednesday. Mahlon Fryberger, of Philipsburg, was one of the ushers.

Max and Katie Furey, children of Mr. Joe Furey, and Miss Lou Furey, daughter of Conductor Furey, who have been visiting their many friends in this place for the past three or four days, departed Tuesday morning for their home in Lock Haven.

Mr. Scott Wilson was tried last week, by the Clearfield courts, for failure to make certain payments to a Clearfield building and loan association. He was, triumphantly acquitted. We congratulate Mr. Wilson, as our experience with him always led us to believe that he is a first-class gentleman.

We notice the return of Miss Sallie Hoffer, who for some time has been visiting in several of the western states, At Charlotte, Mich., she was present at the marriage of Miss Dora Belcher to a Mr. Baxter. Miss Belcher is well known to a number of people in town, having visited Miss Hoffer some time ago. We still remember the charming quartette who created such havoc with the affections of numberless young gentlemen of our acquaintance. Miss Hoffer also spent several weeks at Fremont, Ohio, with a niece of ex-President Hayes, and had the pleasure of visiting the ex-President and his family, at whose home she was the recipient of much kind attention

—T. J. Dunkel, the retiring collector of internal revenue for this district, is a gentleman who is very popular, and his retirement will be greatly regretted. His resignation takes effect January 1. The appointment of W. C. Heinle, Esq., to the place is looked upon with high favor. Mr. Heinle just completed his term as prosecuting attorney in this county. Gov. Curtin was instrumental in securing both of these appointments and has shown great wisdom in them.

—Mrs. Geo. A. Baney with her little son, Jimmie, and Mrs. Harry C. Baney, of Philipsburg (all formerly of Bellefonte) are at present visiting relatives and friends in this place. They expect to remain until after the holidays, when they will again return to their homes in that pretentious borough.

MARRIED.

KELLEY—MULBERGER.—On the 14th of December, in Houserville, by William Thompson, J. P., Mr. Patrick J. Kelley and Miss Alice Mulberger.

HOY—CORL.—On the 2d of December, by Rev. W. H. Grob, Miles Otis Hoy, and Annie Corl, both of Ferguson township.

STOVER—KNARR.—At the Lutheran parsonage in Boalsburg, on the 14th day of December, by Rev. M. O. T. Sahm, Mr. Mitchell I Stover, of Altoona, and Miss Clara A. Knarr, of Lemont.